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PRICE 3d. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1945 No. 27,465

JHM
initials
to remind you—
How Much Smoother should my springing be? If you bounce round to us you'll ride away on air.
JOHN H. MOORE LTD.
AUTOMOBILE ENGINEER
LITTLE LONGFORD STREET, DUBLIN

Meet me at the D.B.C. for Afternoon Tea.
38 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

"BIG THREE" PLANS FOR "RIGID CONTROL" OF GERMANY

Farming And Peaceful Industries To Be Encouraged

THE REDUCTION OF GERMANY TO A MAINLY AGRICULTURAL AND SELF-SUPPORTING STATE, WITH A CAREFULLY BALANCED MINIMUM OF ESSENTIAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, AND THE EXCLUSION OF SPAIN FROM THE UNITED NATIONS' ORGANISATION WHILE HER PRESENT FORM OF GOVERNMENT CONTINUES, ARE THE MAIN POINTS IN THE 6,000 WORDS REPORT OF THE BERLIN "BIG THREE" CONFERENCE, ISSUED LAST NIGHT.

A Council of Foreign Ministers, five in number, adding France and China to the "Big Three," has been set up. This Council is to hold a series of small peace conferences and make provisional settlements, which will be ratified at a future unspecified date.

Major war criminals, whose crimes were not related to particular occasions or places, are to be tried immediately, but the place of trial is not named.

The cession of Koenigsberg to the Soviet Union, and Danzig and the Oder-Neisse line to Poland, are the chief territorial changes mentioned.

The Conference lays it down firmly that the Nazi education system and legal system, with their militarist teaching and racial discrimination, must be replaced by methods more likely to produce a peaceful nation, and the whole political structure of Germany is to be decentralised.

The German war potential is to be eliminated by rigid control of essential industries and the removal of all material not essential to such industries. Material (factories and tools) removed will form the first instalment of reparations, and Russia is accorded first claim on certain specified industries.

The smaller nations are to be helped to "work their passage" towards membership of the United Nations, and Italy is given priority in this respect, but Spain, while under its present Government, "founded with the support of the Axis Powers," alone among the neutrals, is sternly excluded from the comity of free nations.

Mr. Attlee, President Truman and Marshal Stalin, photographed by A.P. at Potsdam.

SPAIN EXCLUDED FROM UNITED NATIONS

The Berlin "Big Three" Conference established a Council of Foreign Ministers to prepare peace treaties with the defeated countries, and to plan the peaceful settlement of Germany "when a German Government adequate for the purpose is established," says the official report.

The Council's first meeting will be on or before September 1st. A Secretariat will be established permanently in London.

Countries other than the five named—Russia, Britain, U.S.A., China and France—may be invited to be represented when their affairs are under discussion and France is to be included in the negotiation of the peace with Italy. The "Big Three" reserve the right to consult among themselves.

Agreement has been reached at this conference, states the report, on the political and economic principles of a co-ordinated Allied policy towards defeated Germany.

The Allies will take in agreement now and in the future the measures necessary to assure that Germany never again will threaten her neighbours or the peace of the world.

It is not the intention of the Allies to destroy or enslave the German people. It is their intention that the German people be given the opportunity to prepare for the eventual reconstruction of their life on a democratic and peaceful basis. If their own efforts are directed to this end it will be possible for them, in due course, to take their place among the free and peaceful peoples of the world.

POLITICAL PRINCIPLES

1—Authority in Germany is exercised on instructions from their Governments by the Commanders-in-Chief of the American, British, Russian and French forces.

2—So far as is practicable there shall be uniformity of treatment of the German population throughout Germany.

3—The purposes of the occupation are:—

(1) The complete disarmament and demilitarisation of Germany, and the elimination of control of all German industry that could be used for military production. To these ends all German forces, the Gestapo and all other military and quasi-military organisations, clubs and associations which serve to keep alive the military tradition in Germany, shall be abolished and not revived. All munitions shall be handed over or destroyed, and the production of aircraft and munitions shall be prevented.

(2) To convince the German people that they have suffered a total military defeat and cannot escape responsibility;

(3) To destroy the National Socialist Party and all Nazi institutions, and to prevent all Nazi and militarist propaganda;

(4) To prepare for the eventual reconstruction of German political life on a democratic basis, and for eventual peaceful co-operation in international life by Germany.

4—All Nazi laws which provided the basis of the Hitler régime or established discrimination on grounds of race, creed or politics shall be abolished;

5—War criminals shall be brought to judgment; Nazi leaders and any other persons dangerous to the occupation or its objectives shall be arrested and interned;

NAZIS TO GO

6—All members of the Nazi Party who have been more than nominal participants in its activities shall be removed from positions of responsibility and replaced by persons deemed capable of assisting in developing genuine democratic institutions;

7—German education shall be so controlled as completely to eliminate Nazi and militarist doctrines and to make possible the successful development of democratic ideas;

8—The judicial system will be reorganised in accordance with the principles of democracy;

9—The administration of affairs in Germany should be directed towards decentralisation of the political structure and development of local responsibility. To this end:

(1) Local self-government shall be restored throughout Germany on democratic principles and, in particular, through elective councils; (2) All democratic political parties shall be allowed and encouraged throughout Germany; (3) Representative and elective principles shall be introduced into regional, provincial and State (land) administration; (4) For the time being no central German Government shall be established, but essential central administrative departments, under State Secretaries, shall be established, particularly in the fields of finance, transport, communications, foreign trade and industry. They will act under the direction of the Control Council.

10—Subject to the necessity for maintaining military security, freedom of speech, Press and religion shall per permitted. Religious institutions shall be respected, and trade unions shall be permitted.

ECONOMIC PRINCIPLES

11—To eliminate Germany's war potential the production of arms, ammunition and implements of war, and all types of aircraft and seagoing ships shall be prohibited. Production of metals, chemicals and machinery necessary to a war economy shall be rigidly controlled and restricted to Germany's approved post-war peace-time needs. Productive capacity not needed for permitted production shall be removed, in accordance with the reparations plan, or destroyed;

12—At the earliest practicable date the German economy shall be decentralised to eliminate all cartels, syndicates, trusts and other monopolistic arrangements;

13—In organising the German economy primary emphasis shall be given to the development of agriculture and peaceful domestic industries;

14—During the period of occupation Germany shall be treated as a single economic unit. Common policies shall be established in regard to mining and industrial production, agriculture, forestry and fishing, wages prices and rationing, imports and exports, currency and banking, central taxation and customs, reparations, transport and communications;

ALLIED CONTROLS

15—Allied controls shall be imposed on the German economy, but only to the extent necessary to carry out industrial disarmament, demilitarisation, and reparations, and to assure the production and maintenance of goods and services required to meet the needs of the occupying forces, and displaced persons, and essential to maintain in Germany average living standards not exceeding the average standard of living of European countries (excluding the United Kingdom and the Soviet Union). Controls will also ensure equitable distribution of essential commodities in the several zones, to produce a balanced economy throughout Germany and reduce the need for imports, control German industry and international transactions to prevent Germany from developing a war potential, and of achieving the other objectives named herein; control all German public or private scientific bodies connected with economic activities;

16—In the imposition and maintenance of economic controls responsible German administrative machinery shall be created;

17—Measures shall be promptly taken to effect essential repair of transport, enlarge coal production, maximise agricultural output, and effect emergency repair of housing and essential utilities;

18—Appropriate steps shall be taken by the Control Council to control and dispose of German-owned external assets;

REPARATIONS

19—Payment of reparations should leave enough resources to enable the German people to subsist without external assistance. Means must be provided to pay for approved imports. The proceeds of exports shall be available in the first place for payment for such imports. The above clause will not apply to the equipment and products referred to in Paragraph 4 (a) and 4 (b) of the reparations agreement.

The following agreement on reparations was reached:—

1—Reparation claims of the U.S.S.R. shall be met by removals from the zone of Germany occupied by the U.S.S.R., and German external assets.

2—The U.S.S.R. undertakes to settle the reparation claims of Poland from its own share of reparations.

3—The reparation claims of the United States, the United Kingdom and other countries entitled to reparations shall be met from the western zones, and external assets.

4—The U.S.S.R. shall receive additionally from the western zones: (a) 15 per cent. of such usable and complete industrial capital equipment, from the metallurgical, chemical and machine-manufacturing industries, as is unnecessary for the German peace economy, in exchange for an equivalent value of food, coal, potash, zinc, timber, clay products and petroleum products; (b) 10 per cent. of such industrial capital equipment as is unnecessary for the German peace economy to be transferred to the Soviet Government on reparations account, without payment or exchange of any kind in return;

5—The amount of equipment to be removed from the Western zones on account of reparations must be determined within six months;

6—Removals of industrial capital equipment shall begin as soon as possible, and shall be completed within two years from the determination specified in Paragraph 5. The delivery of products covered by 4 (a) above shall be made by the U.S.S.R. in instalments within five years, and determination of the amount and character of industrial capital equipment available for reparation shall be made by the Control Council with the participation of France (subject to the final approval of the commander in the zone from which the equipment is to be removed);

7—Before fixing the total amount of equipment subject to removal, advance deliveries shall be made as determined by the Control Council;

8—The Soviet Government renounces all claims in respect of reparations to shares of German enterprises located in the western zones and German foreign assets in [illegible] specified in paragraph 9 below.

9—The Governments of the U.K. and the U.S.A. renounce their claims in respect of reparations to shares of German enterprises located in the eastern zone, and to German foreign assets in Bulgaria, Finland, Hungary, Rumania and Eastern Austria;

10—The Soviet Government makes no claims to gold captured by the Allied troops in Germany.

DISPOSAL OF GERMAN NAVY AND MERCHANT MARINE.

The Conference agreed in principle on arrangements for the use and disposal of the surrendered German Fleet and merchant ships. The three Governments will appoint experts to work out detailed plans, and will publish a further joint statement simultaneously in due course.

The conference has agreed in principle to the ultimate transfer to the Soviet Union of the city of Koenigsberg and the area adjacent to it. The President of the United States and the British Prime Minister have declared that they will support the proposal of the conference at the forthcoming peace settlement.

WAR CRIMINALS

The three Governments re-affirm their intention to bring the major war criminals whose crimes have no geographical localisation to swift justice. They hope the negotiations in London will result in speedy agreement being reached, and regard it as a matter of great importance that the trial of these major criminals should begin at the earliest possible date.

The first list of defendants will be published before September 1st.

POLAND

On the Polish Provisional Government of National Unity, they defined their attitude in the following statement:—

We have taken note with pleasure of the agreement reached among representative Poles from Poland and abroad which has made possible the formation of a Polish Provisional Government of National Unity.

The British and United States Governments have taken measures to protect the interest of the Polish Provisional Government in the property belonging to Poland under their control, and have taken measures to prevent alienation to third parties of such property. Facilities will be given to the Polish Provisional Government to exercise ordinary legal remedies to recover any property belonging to Poland which may have been wrongfully alienated.

The three Powers expect that those Poles, including those in the Polish forces who return home, shall be accorded personal and property rights on the same basis as all Polish citizens.

They note that the Polish Provisional Government has agreed to hold free elections as soon as possible, and that representatives of the Allied Press shall enjoy full freedom to report to the world on developments in Poland before and during the elections.

The final delineation of the

Continued in Page 2, Column 6.

Churchill Thanked By "Big Three"

THE following was issued from 10 Downing street, London, yesterday:—

"President Truman, Generalissimo Stalin and Prime Minister Attlee, assembled at the final session of the Berlin Conference, desire to send a message of greetings to Mr. Winston Churchill. They wish to thank him for all his work in the first part of the Berlin Conference, which helped greatly to lay the foundations of its successful conclusion.

"They remember with gratitude the untiring efforts and the unconquerable spirit with which, at earlier conferences and throughout the war, he served our common cause of victory and enduring peace. The whole world knows the greatness of his work, and it will never be forgotten."

Another message, signed by the "Big Three," conveyed to Mr. Eden their greetings and thanks for his help in the first part of the Conference.

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE SOCIETY

Criticism of Minister's Change of Chairman

REGRET that the Most Rev. Dr. Dignan, Bishop of Clonfert, has been superseded as Chairman of the Committee of Management of the National Health Insurance Society was general yesterday. Labour leaders, who had pressed the Government to implement the Dignan Plan, felt that the Minister for Local Government and Public Health was unwise not to continue him in this office, which he has filled so capably for the past nine years.

Asked by an *Irish Times* reporter to comment on the matter, Dr. T. F. O'Higgins, T.D., said: "I think there is no doubt in the public mind that the Most Rev. Dr. Dignan has been succeeded because, though he did his work seriously and conscientiously, his ideas with regard to social advancement did not happen to coincide with Departmental ideas. I think it is a headline for State nominees occupying high offices, such as Dr. Dignan held, that they are expected to act as boy clerks rather than as people carrying big responsibilities. It is an indication that they dare not have minds of their own and are expected to do merely clerical work."

Another who paid tribute to the work of Dr. Dignan was Miss Louie Bennett, Secretary, Irish Women Workers' Union. "We deplore the replacement of Dr. Dignan more than we can, say," she declared. "We realise that he has been a real friend of the worker and has shown in his social security plan that he thoroughly understands their position, appreciates their difficulties, and is prepared to meet them. Although the workers would not agree with every item in that plan, and foresee that it would probably have to be modified in several respects, they welcomed it as a magnificent scheme to safeguard them against insecurity and much suffering."

PERTINENT QUESTIONS

The comment of Captain Peadar Cowan, solicitor, was: "The announcement that Dr. Dignan has ceased to be Chairman of the National Health Insurance Society is a profound shock. Dr. Dignan has earned the gratitude of the people for his courage in tackling the problem of our disgraceful social services. The scheme which he prepared is in itself a monument to the great abilities and deep study which His Lordship brought to bear on the solution of deep-seated and cancerous social evils. His absence from the post of Chairman of the Committee of Management of the Society at this stage is a national tragedy. I, for one, and I am sure the people generally, desired that Dr. Dignan should remain as Chairman of the Society until his objective had been achieved.

"We all want to know why Dr. Dignan was not re-appointed Chairman. Was the appointment offered to His Lordship? Did His Lordship decline to accept the appointment because of the Ministerial attitude to his scheme? A full explanation by the Minister is essential, and must be given at once. Is the new chairman a civil servant? If so, does he belong to the Minister's own Department? If he is a civil servant, and if he belongs to the Minister's own Department, on what grounds was he appointed Chairman of the Society? The public are entitled to plain, straight answers to these questions, and they must insist on getting them.

The Minister's decision not to re-nominate Dr. Dignan as chairman of the Committee of Management recalls a Dublin Fianna Fail Cumann meeting which Mr. MacEntee, Minister for Local Government and Public Health, addressed on March 13th last. In the course of a paper entitled "Some Recent Proposals for the Co-Ordination of our Social Services," the Minister stated: "No person, other than the Minister has the power of appointment to these positions (the chairman and some members of the Committee of Management) and not only has he that power in regard to them, but he has also absolute power to remove each and any person whom he may so appoint. It is obvious from this that the persons appointed by the Minister to hold office in the society or to be members of its Committee of Management, must be persons who will be meticulous to confine themselves to those functions which the Minister appointed them to discharge, and, especially, will not arrogate to themselves functions which attach to the Minister or, if not particularly to him, then to the Government as a whole.

"Notwithstanding this, in October last the Committee of Management issued a document of which the chairman of the society, the Most Rev. Dr. Dignan, was the author, which proposed to establish a new and autonomous body to supersede and replace in regard to *all* health services the Minister for Local Government and Public Health and all existing authorities concerned therewith, and to repeal such comprehensive measures of reform as the Public Assistance Act, 1939. These matters are, of course, already the responsibility of other statutory authorities and are quite outside the statutory functions of the Society and, *a fortiori*, of its committee."

Later in his paper, Mr. MacEntee stated: "I have stated my position in regard to the Committee of Management, and there, for the present, the matter must rest."

CLEAR AND EXPLICIT

When, in the Dail on March 21st, Mr. J. Everett (Nat. Lab.) asked if, "in view of the terms of his speech to members of a Fianna Fail Cumann, it was his intention to abolish the National Health Insurance Committee as at present constituted," Mr. MacEntee replied: "What I said on the occasion referred to was clear and explicit, and left no grounds for any misunderstanding of the matter generally, or for the particular suggestion contained in the deputy's question."

Labour organisations which publicly welcomed the principles contained in Dr. Dignan's Plan included: The Dublin Trades Union Council, the Wexford Workers' Council, the National Executive of the Irish Trades Union Congress, the Irish Women Workers' Union, Dublin Area Shop Stewards, and Branch Committee members of the I.T.G.W.U. (representing approximately 20,000 members), the Irish Union of Distributive Workers and Clerks, Tuam Branch of the Labour Party, Bray Branch of the Labour Party, the National Labour Party, the annual Congress of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union at Galway.

Mr. D. J. O'Donovan, Chairman, has been notified by Dr. Ward, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Local Government and Public Health, of the following appointments to the Committee of Management of Cumann an Arachais Naisiunta ar Shlainte for the year from August 1st, 1945, to July 31st, 1946:

Trustees: Mr. Sean Clarke, Naomh Brighid, Stillorgan road, Donnybrook, Dublin; Mr. Patrick John Keady, 31 Serpoint avenue, Monkstown, Co. Dublin; Mr. Anthony I. Lalor, The Barn, Dalkey, Co. Dublin.

Employers' Members: Mr. Patrick Columba Cahill, 25 Wasdale Park, Terenure, Dublin; Senator Andrew S. Clarkin, 204 Pearse street, Dublin; Senator William O'Callaghan, Mallow, Co. Cork.

Tributes to the work of Dr. Dignan on his work as Chairman of the National Health Insurance Society were paid by the Chairman and members of the Cork Workers' Council at their meeting last night. A resolution to that effect was passed.

MINISTER REGRETS HIS WORDS

MR WILLIAM GRANT, Minister of Health and Local Government, in the Northern Ireland House of Commons yesterday withdrew a remark that he made on July 24th about men from Eire who joined the British Forces, and apologised for it.

He said, "When the hon member for Falls (Mr. T. J. Campbell) was speaking during the debate on the Address in reply to the King's Speech he stated that 200,000 of those 'despised people of Eire' had gone out to fight for our safety and defence. On the impulse of the moment I interjected that they were forced by starvation to join up.

"I have since read my remarks and realise that I should not have made such a statement. I know full well that thousands of my fellow-countrymen were impelled by the very highest motives to join up and take part in the defeat of the common enemy.

"I wish, with the permission of the House, to withdraw my statements, and I take this opportunity of apologising for them."

He added that no pressure had been brought to bear upon him, nor had he been influenced by anything that might have been said either inside or outside the House.

WORKERS' HOLIDAY AGITATION

THE situation arising out of the strikes for a fortnight's holidays was discussed last night at a special meeting of the Dublin Trades Union Council, which, it is stated, represents over 40,000 workers. Delegates from the new Congress of Irish Unions were in attendance.

It was decided to hold a demonstration in support of the demand for holidays. A levy on all members of affiliated Unions was suggested.

Miss McDowell (Irish Women Workers' Union) attacked the *Irish Press* for the "deliberately malicious article which appeared that day." The matter was in the hands of their executive, and, in her view, it was definitely libellous.

Councillor J. Larkin submitted that the article was misleading, and a mischievous lie.

The President, Mr. J. Swift, called on the *Irish Press* reporter to withdraw from the meeting, and afforded him an opportunity to make a statement.

The reporter left the hall.

It was further decided to exclude the *Irish Press* representative from future meetings, and that the writer of the article should be reported to the National Union of Journalists.

Mr. Swift said that they were conscious there was a line-up of the Federated Union of Employers against the workers, and the working-class movement generally. They were faced with a situation such as had arisen in 1913, when there was a deliberate organised attempt to break the trade union movement itself. The present employers' movement, he alleged, was supported by the Government.

Mr. J. Larkin, T.D., alleged there had been threats of the most severe kind, financial and industrial, used against groups of employers to compel them to obey the Federated Union of Employers.

Describing the proceedings at the abortive two-days' conference which was held under the auspices of the Department of Industry and Commerce, he said that the employers present at the conference were not those involved in the present disputes. The issue was now knit, and it was up to the union movement whether or not they could be united in this struggle.

The employers, Mr. Larkin said, had been fought almost to a standstill. They were almost on the verge of collapse, particularly in the pork trade, and the victualling trade was almost in the same position.

Councillor Larkin said that 70 per cent. of the employers in the meat trade were prepared to grant the holidays.

BRITISH RAIL DISCUSSIONS

Following the British rail talks deadlock, yesterday, the Ministry of Labour invited the President and Secretary of the Railwaymen's Union and of the Railway Executive to a meeting.

After sitting for ten hours—until one o'clock yesterday morning—no agreement had been reached by the companies, the managerial representatives and the union delegates.

The unions are demanding a 40 hours' week, a minimum wage of £4 10s. a week, twelve days' holiday with pay, and a guaranteed day and week for shopmen.

After sitting for nearly four hours the meeting at the Ministry of Labour was adjourned until this morning.

Nearly 1,000 Crewe railwaymen and others in Chester have decided to strike on Sunday night.

50 Dead in Czech Explosions

About 50 people were killed and 160 injured, 40 of them seriously, in explosions and fires in a cable works at Usti, Aussig, in the Sudetenland, on Tuesday, believed to have been caused by the Germans in the town, stated a Reuter despatch from Prague last night.

A few hours later martial law was declared.

After loud explosions the factory went on fire, and the blaze, fed by ammunition from a nearby dump, spread to adjoining factories.

Parts of bombs have been found by workmen digging in the wreckage, but the Czech authorities have not yet definitely proved that the explosions were caused by Germans. The Czechs have demanded that all Germans there are still about 20,000 of them—should be deported from the town immediately.

North Wants Man To Push Trade In London

When Lieut.-Colonel Gordon (Unionist, East Down) suggested in the Northern Ireland House of Commons yesterday that Ulster should have a trade representative of the highest standing in London, Mr. H. Diamond (Soc. Republican, Falls) said that Mr. Dulanty, Eire's High Commissioner, could well represent the whole of Ireland.

Mr. Diamond suggested that they should adopt a realistic attitude with regard to trade and commerce, and find common ground with the people of Eire by appointing a joint representative, not only in London, but in America, for Irish goods.

Lieut.-Colonel Gordon said that they held the view that the London office should be part of the Ministry of Commerce. He considered that the sum before the House (£4,600) for the London office should be greatly increased, as Northern Ireland should have the greatest possible representation in London.

Lord Glentoran (Unionist, Bloomfield) said that they wanted a man in London who would push trade—a first-class commercial traveller.

Major Percival Maxwell (Unionist, Ards) said they required to educate the people across the water in the fact that Ulster was part of the United Kingdom.

King Meets President on Battle Cruiser

PRESIDENT TRUMAN received a hearty welcome from the King on his arrival in England yesterday. The President, who had flown from Potsdam for the meeting, landed near Plymouth at 10 a.m. He was taken on board the Renown, where the King awaited him.

The President, dressed in a light grey lounge suit, brown shoes, and a light grey velour hat, was piped on board in naval style. He was wearing a medallion in his buttonhole, showing service in the last war. Hat in hand, he stood while the band played the American National Anthem. The King then advanced to welcome him. With the President were Mr. Byrnes, his Secretary of State, and Fleet Admiral Leahy, his Chief of Staff.

Lord Halifax, British Ambassador in Washington, accompanied the King.

The President remained on board for two hours. After lunch, the King and the President walked through the ship to the forecastle, where they were photographed and filmed.

Ten minutes after the President had left to go on board the American cruiser Augusta, the King left in the Royal Barge to return his visit. The King remained for about half an hour, after which he returned to the Renown.

When the King landed at Plymouth he was greeted by the Lord Mayor. Shortly afterwards he entered the Royal Train and returned to London.

The King later sent a wireless message to the President on the Augusta, telling him that it had been a real pleasure to meet him during this all too brief visit to my country to-day." He sent his best wishes for the President's homeward voyage and for his safe return.

A transport plane which accompanied the President from Potsdam, carrying a party of American journalists, made an emergency landing in Dorsetshire. No one was injured.

MacArthur's Final Warning To Japan

GENERAL MacARTHUR yesterday warned Japan that the most powerful air armada in history was getting ready to strike the final death-blow.

As the cities of Hachioji, Toyama, Nagaoka and Mito, on Honshu, blazed under a record load of high explosives and incendiaries, the Allied South-West Pacific Commander declared that the new air fleet, combined with other forces on land and sea, would soon bring victory to Allied arms and peace to the world.

The Japanese News Agency yesterday reported that the United Nations warships were still cruising off the homeland coast, and a Tokyo Radio report, so far unconfirmed by Allied sources, said that a destroyer and cruiser force on Thursday bombarded Oshima, an island off Tokyo Bay, 65 miles south of the capital.

Solid sheets of flame, which airmen said were visible for 180 miles, blanketed four Japanese cities and a huge oil refinery—an aftermath of the greatest bombing raid in history. Eight hundred and twenty Super-Fortresses, carrying 232 more tons of bombs than hit Normandy on D-Day, went down on the railway centres of Mito, Hachioji, Nagaoka and Toyama, and four Kawasaki oil plants in Tokyo Bay.

Tokyo stated that the Osaka Kobe area was again attacked at noon yesterday by Mustang fighters.

LAST STAGES

Japanese troops, underfed and ill-clad, were yesterday making their last feeble stand along the Sittang river, said Reuter's special correspondent at Kandy, Ceylon. Their attempt to break through the Allied lines failed.

Many prisoners—the number of whom is the greatest since the Burma campaign began—were found lying helpless with hunger, their ammunition gone, waiting for death.

Lieut.-General Claire Chennault, former Commander of the American Air Forces in China, who is returning to Washington, said yesterday in Chungking that within a month the Japanese would not be able to move personnel or supplies to or from the Asiatic mainland. The chances of operating a seaport on the China coast before the end of this year to supply the Chinese armies were "very good."

Laval to Face Petain To-day

WHEN the trial of Marshal Pétain is resumed to-day the first witness to be called will be Pierre Laval. Yesterday the jury, after a retirement of an hour, called for Laval's appearance as they considered his evidence "quite indispensable."

Pétain's counsel objected on the grounds that it was illegal to hear evidence from a man who was facing a trial himself. Then the judges retired for ten minutes, and on their return the President announced that the objection had been overruled.

After Laval's evidence to-day there is every likelihood that counsel for the defence will demand a retrial on the ground that the proceedings were irregular. M. Beteille, who will probably be the examining magistrate for Laval's case, and who conducted the preliminary examination of Marshal Pétain, Reuter's Special Correspondent, after the court had taken its decision to hear Laval to-day: "Of course it is irregular under French law to be heard without having previously been interrogated."

"Laval has written to many barristers asking them to take on his defence, but so far he has had no replies," M. Beteille said. "No examining magistrate has yet been entrusted with Laval's dossier, because an examining magistrate can be appointed only after the accused has obtained the assistance of counsel. On the other hand, for Pétain to appear in the future trial of Laval as a witness would present no legal difficulty once the verdict was given in his own case, and would only involve a stay of execution of any sentence passed on him."

The summoning of Laval was entirely on the initiative of the jury. Neither the defence nor the prosecution showed any wish to call him, and M. André Mornet, the Public Prosecutor, at one point said: "Personally, I do not expect much from his evidence."

Before the jury made their demand, yesterday, a witness for the defence, M. Trochu, President of the Paris Municipal Council under Vichy, declared: "Laval blackmailed Pétain into the meeting with Hitler at Montoire. He threatened Pétain that unless he went no French prisoners would be released."

General Bernard Serigny, called for the defence earlier, said that suggestions that Petain had taken part in a conspiracy were "absurd."

"I told Pétain on June 11th, 1940, that I thought the time had come to ask for an armistice. Pétain agreed, and went off to see Paul Reynaud. This was the first time the idea of an armistice came to Pétain's mind."

Pétain had bluffed the Germans over North Africa. "The Germans asked for food, petrol and ammunition from North Africa, but every ship which sailed was duly signalled to the British Admiralty." The Marshal had told him: "Every time I threaten to leave Hitler threatens to replace me by a Gauleiter. Do you realise what that means?"

Marshal Pétain and three jurors fell asleep while M. Trochu, a witness for the defence, related a long series of incidents in support of his assertion that Pétain was really anti-German and never willingly collaborated with the Germans. It was only when Trochu raised his voice to a shout that he awoke the Marshal, the Associated Press correspondent stated.

The trial of Pierre Laval will take weeks to prepare, as he has first to be interrogated by M. Beteilla, Examining Magistrate, who prepared the trial of Marshal Pétain, Reuter's Special Correspondent in Paris says.

Meanwhile, he is confined in a solitary cell in Fresnes Prison, with a warder on constant guard outside the door. He may receive no visitors except his counsel—when he can find one.

Obeying the prison rules, Laval rose at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. When M. Beteille arrived to seal the luggage he had brought, the former Premier was in tears.

In another cell in the same prison Mme. Laval was also waiting for news of her fate. She was told that she is being held at the disposal of justice, and that she will be charged in due course.

Laval went through the usual prison reception procedure, including search and the taking of finger-prints, when he arrived.

Greater precautions are being taken to protect Laval against mob violence than were organised for Pétain. One hundred extra police with tommy-guns have been ordered to the Palais de Justice, where Pétain is on trial.

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TWENTY-SIXTH LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS

The undermentioned subscriptions have been received during the period July 6th to July 23rd, 1945.

	£	s.	d.
Skibbereen Branch, I.R.C.S.	180	0	0
Carrickmacross Branch, I.R.C.S. £165 3s. 5d. (Church Gate Collections):			
Carrickmacross	52	8	9
Magheracloone Upper and Lower	30	18	6
Corduff and Raferagh	12	1	0
Killanny	10	14	0
Proceeds of Dances, etc.	59	11	2
Monaghan Branch, I.R.C.S., £105 12s. 4d.			
Dr. McCormack, M.O.H., Monaghan	5	0	0
Messrs. A. & D. Murphy, Glasslough street	5	0	0
Subs. less than £5 each	95	12	4
The Abington Co-Op. Creamery, Ltd., O'Connell St., Limerick	100	0	0
Proceeds collection in Kinnegad Parish by V. Rev. J. Gilsenan, P.P., Kinnegad	92	6	0
Boarcrann Branch, I.R.C.S.	83	19	4
Moyne Branch, I.R.C.S. (5th instalment)	79	6	0
Clifden Branch, I.R.C.S.	50	0	0
"Anonymous 666," Limerick	40	0	0
Moate Branch, I.R.C.S.	39	12	2
Dundalk Branch, I.R.C.S., £34 7s. 9d.			
Miss M. Gibney	10	0	0
Dundalk Red Cross Div. Proceeds of Dance	10	0	0
Proceeds of House to House collection	14	7	9
Carlingford Branch, I.R.C.S. (Proceeds of House to House collection)	32	6	6
Youghal Branch, I.R.C.S.	28	0	0
Drumkeen and District Collection by Rev. J. Finnegan, C.C. (per Alex. Weir, Esq., Carrickbrack Corner), Co. Donegal	20	11	6
Dungourney Branch, I.R.C.S.	20	0	0
"Margaret," Dublin	20	0	0
Loughmore Branch, I.R.C.S. £20 0s. 0d.			
Very Rev. Canon Russell, Loughmore	5	0	0
Subs. less than £5 each	15	0	0
Mullinahone Branch, I.R.C.S., Co. Kilkenny	18	2	0
Rathdowney Branch, I.R.C.S. £15 0s. 0d.			
Proceeds of Annual Flag Day	11	2	11
Subs. less than £5 each	3	17	1
Kilmessan Branch, I.R.C.S., £11 3s. 0d.			
Proceeds of Sports, Dance and Raffle	10	2	0
Subs. less than £5 each	1	1	0
Greenore Branch, I.R.C.S., Dundalk	10	0	0
Part Proceeds Whist Drive (Annyalla), Castleblayney, per Rev. Fr. V. Murrou, C.C., Castleblayney	10	0	0
Anonymous, Belfast	10	0	0
Raharney Branch, I.R.C.S.	10	0	0
Kilmihil Branch, I.R.C.S.	10	0	0
Louth Branch, I.R.C.S.	9	4	2
Dromore West Branch, I.R.C.S., Ballina	8	17	6
"Sympathiser," Dublin	8	0	0
Birr Branch, I.R.C.S.	7	2	1
Mr. & Mrs. Ashby Wickham, Gort-na-Mona, Bray, Co. Wicklow	5	0	0
Master Thomas Finan, Mullacryan, Emyvale, Co. Monaghan	5	0	0
Miss K. Lyons, 34 Willfield Park, Ballsbridge, Dublin	5	0	0
CORRECTIONS—In our 25th List under the entry "Birr Branch—£520 16s. 9d.," the following subscriptions were not acknowledged: Dr. Morton, Birr, £10, and Mr. John Nestor, Birr, £10.			
In the same List under the entry "Clonmel Branch—£416 17s. 9d.," the following corrections are necessary: "Messrs. G. Burke and Son, £25," should have read, "Messrs. Edmund Burke and Sons, Ltd., Bacon Curers, £25." "Messrs. Mulcahy O'Connell St., £25," should have read, "Messrs. P. & J. F. Mulcahy, Munster House, Clonmel, £25."			
In our 24th List the entry "Midleton Branch, £12 12s. 0d.," and in our 25th List, "Midleton Branch, £7 13s. 10d.," should have read "Aghada Branch."			
As will be seen from the above, sub scriptions to date fall far short of the amount required, £500,000. If you have not done so already			

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Space restrictions do not permit us to publish subscriptions of less than £5, but subscribers have received our grateful acknowledgment direct by post. Lists of subscriptions will also appear in future issues of the "Irish Red Cross Bulletin."

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TO-DAY'S SPORTS DIARY

Lawn Tennis—Leinster Junior Championships, Londonderry road.

Greyhound Racing—Harold's Cross, 7.45.

COCHET BEATEN

Henri Cochet was beaten in the quarter finals of the French lawn tennis championships.

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Golf Dates Changed

THE dates for the Irish Professional Golf Championship at Newlands have been altered from 15th and 16th August to 29th and 30th August. The decision was come to at a meeting of Sub-Committee of the I.P.G.A. in Dublin on Wednesday and attended by the Ulster Branch representatives, Mr. B. L. Baine (Hon. Treas.) and H. Fitzhugh, and N. Wilson, Hon. Sec., I.P.G.A. (Southern Branch). The committee at Newlands club has agreed to the new dates.

Commander Roe, Secretary of the Professional Golfers' Association, has informed Eddie Hackett, Captain of I.P.G.A., that the tournament Sub-Committee of the P.G.A. has considered the question of members of the I.P.G.A. and the *Daily Mail* Victory Tournament at St. Andrews on September 19th, 20th and 21st. The sub-committee, he says, decided that in view of the Press statement, entries for the tournament would be accepted from recognised members of the I.P.G.A., but Commander Roe points out that all members of the I.P.G.A. are eligible to join the P.G.A., and he hopes they will do so.

GOLF CLUB NOTICES

Rosslare.—Open meeting. Mixed foursomes—F. Pettit and Miss Banim (12) 68; Rev. — Brophy and Mrs. N. J. Murphy (19½), 68; Scotch foursomes—Mrs. Murray and Mrs. Godfrey (18½), 66½; Miss Banim and Mrs. T. Kelly (20), 70. Club Cup—Miss McKenna (Mullingar) (23), 63; Miss J. Lacey (Enniscorthy) (28), 71; Miss Banim (Kilkenny), best gross, 80.

Cill Dara.—Ladies' Cup, semi-final—Mrs. J. J. Dunne (25) beat Mrs. White (26), 5 and 3; Mrs. O'Driscoll (34) beat Miss White (18), 1 up. Final—Mrs. Dunne (25) beat Mrs. O'Driscoll (34), 4 and 3.

Co. Kildare.—Ladies' Stroke surprise foursomes—Miss J. Gorry and Mrs. Cosway (23½), 78½; bogey, Mrs. Healy (30), 2 down. Doigan—Ladies' Cup—Mrs. Hollinshead's prize (Stableford)—Mrs. Bergin (34), 30½; Mrs. Lister (4), 28. To-morrow—Open mixed fourball. Tuesday—Medal (b.).

Greystones.—Monday—Men's fourball (b.) sweepstakes, mixed fourball (b.) sweepstakes, Wednesday—Mixed foursomes. Men's singles (s.), open to visitors playing with members.

Rathfarnham.—To-morrow — Captain's v Secretary's team. Monday—Morning, 18 holes (b.); afternoon, mixed foursomes (b.). Ladies. Mrs. Deane's and Mrs. Oxley's prizes. A—Mrs. Tuckey (23), 3 down; Mrs. Robertson (16), 5 down. B—Miss McDowell (27), 4 down; Miss Blake (32), 3 down. July bisques—Mrs. Ramsey (27), 32½; best gross, Miss Blanch, 43. Tuesday—Scotch foursomes.

Royal Dublin.—Wednesday competition (s.)—M. J. Gleeson (12), 76; R. A. Morrison (18). To-morrow—Medals (s.). Monday—Semi-open fourball (b.) sweepstakes.

Clontarf.—Scotch foursomes (Stableford)—T. Prestage (9) and A. Byrne (9), 40; M. H. Rooney (9) and B. Grogan (9), 37½. To-morrow—Medal (s.). Monday—Morning, fourball (b.); afternoon, mixed fourball (b.), followed by informal dance.

Sutton.—To-morrow—Medal (b.). Monday —Morning, fourball (b.), in aid of R.N.L.I.; afternoon, mixed foursomes.

Foxrock.—Ladies—Mrs. B. Eagan's prize, Stableford—Miss N. Roche (21), 39; Mrs. B. T. O'Reilly (5), 34. Mrs. Branigan's prize, scratch—Mrs. B. T. O'Reilly (1 2-3), 34 1-3; Mrs. Nesbitt (10 1-3), 34 2-3. Tuesday—Semi-Medal (b.). Committee meeting, 2 o'clock.

Grange.—Ladies—A member's prizes: Mrs. Watson (19), 74; Miss Callaghan (19), 75. II: Mrs. Ebrill (22), 66; Miss Caddell (36), 68. Box and ring competition. See notice board.

Killiney.—Messrs. R. A. Ross Todd and W. H. Fryer's prize. Play off—T. M. Mulhall (7) and T. A. Mulcahy (8), 6 up; R. D. Gray (14) and T. P. Robinson (22), 1 up. Sutton.—Ladies — Tuesday — Medal (b.). Committee prize (eclectic)—Mrs. Williamson, 261; Miss Fitzsimons, 27.

Blackrock.—Ladies' Tuesday—Medal (s.). Arrange opponents; draw for those who have no opponents. White elephant competition—Mrs. Doherty, 73. July medal (eclectic)—Miss Hughes, 31.

BOWLING RESULTS.

Tyler Cup (Semi-finals).—J. Kavanagh and J. O'Neill (Grangegorman) 26, J. Yule and J. Keogh (Clontarf) 8. J. Lang and W. Glass (Leinster) 16, J. McDonnell and M. Liston (St. James's Gate) 9.

Cassidy Challenge Cup (Semi-finals).—J. Keogh (Imperial Tobacco) 21, J. Yule (Clontarf) 20. S. Wilson (Railway Union) 21, R. McWilliams, jun. (Blackrock) 15.

Barneville Springs Surprise

IN defeating H. O'Donoghue by 6-2, 6-4 in the semi-final of the singles in the senior boys' Leinster lawn tennis championship, H. Barneville produced the first real surprise of the tournament. Barneville, playing with rather more restraint than usual, fully deserved his victory, in the circumstances, when the result seemed assured. O'Donoghue saved match point after match point, until Barneville broke through the service to take set and match.

C. G. Rice had a fairly comfortable win in the other semi-final. Though Pasley fought hard in the second set the issue was never in much doubt.

Miss M. Meenan and Miss A. McCabe qualified to meet in the final of the Senior Girls' Championship Singles. Both had hard fought battles yesterday, and in each case the semi-final came out on top.

Senior Boys' Semi-finals — H. Barneville beat H. O'Donoghue, 6-2, 6-4; C. Rice beat J. Pasley, 6-1, 6-4.

Senior Girls, Third Round — H. Manning beat M. M. Roche, 3-6, 6-3, 8-6. **Semi-finals** —M. Meenan beat H. Manning, 6-4, 9-7; A. McCabe beat M. A. Roche, 7-5, 6-4.

Junior Boys' Quarter Finals — D. Doyle beat O. Barton, 6-3, 6-3; J. O'Donohue beat N. Nolan, 8-6, 6-4; A. O'Grady beat B. Ellis, 6-1, 6-1.

Boys' Doubles, Second Round — P. McMullen and C. Thompson beat W. Doyle and A. Swan, 6-3, 7-5; A. G. and J. FitzPatrick beat M. Corrigan and J. Rock, 4-6, 7-5, 7-5. Quarter Finals — H. O'Donoghue and H. Barneville beat L. C. Crowe and A. Ryan, 6-1, 6-2; A. G. and J. FitzPatrick beat C. Hayes and K. Murphy, 2-6, 5-7, 6-3; L. Belford and D. Marannon beat G. Lyons and W. Pasley, 6-4, 6-4.

Girls' Doubles, 2nd Round—J. Kelly and P. G. Scott beat L. Kelly and C. Connellan, 6-1, 6-3; Quarter Finals — M. O'Reilly beat M. McLysaght and B. Finlay-Mulligan, 6-1, 6-3; T. Roche and J. Glynn beat Y. Sullivan and C. Carton, 6-4, 6-4, 7-5. Quarter Final —V. Miley and C. O'Connor beat J. Horne and N. Sheehan, 7-5, 2-4 retired.

HIGH DIVING FROM O'CONNELL BRIDGE

Diving, swimming and life-saving exhibitions, organised by the Leinster Branch of the Irish Amateur Swimming Association, will be held between O'Connell Bridge and Butt Bridge this evening (7 o'clock). Eddie Haron, Irish champion, will give a display of high diving from O'Connell Bridge.

Included in the programme are two swimming races, one a 100 yards race, for which 12 entries have been received, with D. Corbett and V. Hines the scratchmen, and the other a shoulder race, to which 8 entries, including Clontarf, Bray Cove and Young Leinster will compete.

A display of the Royal Life-Saving Society will be given, and boat races, organised by the L.A.R.U., will conclude what promises to be an excellent evening's entertainment. All swimmers are asked to report to the Custom House steps beside Burgh Quay not later than 6.45 p.m.

SWIMMING RESULTS

Pembroke S.C.—50 Metres Handicap (Juniors)—Jarrett, 1; A. Fryer, 2; R. Craigey, 3. 50 Metres Championship (Seniors), Ransome Burbage Cup—H. Dagg, 1; M. Beckett, 2; D. Regan and J. Cleary, tie for 3rd. To-night—50 Metres Handicap (Juniors), Mooney Cup Series—Crawl, Handycove S.C.—220 Yards Club Challenge Cup—Breast, 1; F. Feddis, 2; L. F. Murphy, 3. 2 miss. 34 secs. 9 competed. 440 Metres Handicap (Dun Laoghaire Baths)—Crawl, 1; W. O'Neill (30), 2; J. Buggle (40), 3. 7 mins. 45 secs. 11 competed. Byrne Memorial Cup (100 metres)—M. Collins (11), 1; R. O'Neill (10), and F. Feddis, tie for 2nd. 67 2-5 secs. 15 competed. Pier Race (Curtis Cup), Dun Laoghaire East Pier to the Forty Foot, will be held on Saturday, 18th August, 1.30 p.m. Entries close with Mr. K. E. O'Doherty, 178 Merrion road, Dublin, on the 11th inst.

AFTER 23 YEARS

Dublin.....3 **Clontarf II**.....2

Dublin won the Leinster Junior Water Polo League for the first time since 1922 by defeating Clontarf II (holders) 3-2 in the final at Blackrock Baths, Dublin, last evening. Lyons had both Clontarf's goals, while Taylor and Tierney levelled the scores before the interval. In the second half Hawkins got the deciding score.

ARMY SWIMMING

The All-Army swimming championships opened at the Curragh Baths yesterday. Of the three titles decided, Lieut. J. Coffey (Curragh Command) won two, the 100 yards back stroke and the 220 yards free style, and was second in the other to Pte. Corbett, who had been beaten by a touch in the 220. Sgt. G. Broderick (Curragh Command) won the first race of the 100 yards breast stroke and broke his Army record time of 85.4 secs. by 3 secs.

TO GIVE LECTURES

Mr. W. H. Downing, a well-known swimming coach in Britain, has arrived in Dublin, and will give a series of lectures and demonstrations to Leinster swimming clubs during the next fortnight.

TEST PLAYERS IN FORM

G. H. Pope and L. Hutton showed form in the closing day's play of the drawn Yorkshire and Derbyshire match at Sheffield, which augurs well for England against Australia at Lord's. Pope followed his splendid bowling with an innings of 113, and his Yorkshire rival made 76. Both men hit 11 boundaries.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHING

Britannia Sighet. Ascot—Nezot.

CRICKET FINANCIERS

With three-quarters of the cricket season gone, the 1945 Wisden makes a late but welcome appearance to-day. Dealing mainly with the cricket of 1944, much of the contents which would have made interesting reading in any case are now out-dated.

R. C. Robertson-Glasgow, commenting on the decision to retain the three-day match in first-class cricket, writes:—

"The cricket reformers should be more honest about their aims. They talk much about improving cricket, in the same way that some talk about improving the breed of race-horses. But what they are really talking about is money. They are not considering the art and technique of the game.

"They speak as financiers, not craftsmen. To them 'faster, faster' means 'richer, richer.' They believe that a six-day cricket week would mean more spectators. I believe it would empty the grounds as surely as the rain."

The almanack, edited by Hubert Preston, is published by Sporting Handbooks at 5/6

DECATHLON CHAMPIONSHIP

The Council of the A.A.U. have decided to hold a Decathlon Championship late in August. Full particulars can be had from the Hon. Secretary, G. V. Ryan, 12 Mespil-time road, Blackrock.

TRACK RECORD BROKEN BY ASTRA

Astra, full sister of Mad Tanist, who broke the track record at Harold's Cross last week in 29.91 secs., beat Mad Tanist's figure last night by winning her Derby heat in 29.48 secs.

500—Black Dubh (5), 7/4, 1; Lyre Duchess (4), 7/2, 2; Friendly Peach (6), 2/1, 3; Glinks (3), 4/1, 4; Oak Tree (2), 4/1, 5; Jolly Printer (1), 4/1, 6. 4l.; 5l. 30.03.

500—Snowdrop (3), 4/6, 1; Silent Dasher (6), 3/1, 2; Kips Desmond (2), 6/1, 3; The White Sister (4), 6/1, 4; Carrighnabo Music (1), 4/1, 5; Kildare Bank (3), 4/1, 6. 6l.; 2l. 29.36.

528 (Derby, Second Round)—Prevention (2), 10/1, 1; Erris Tanist (4), 7/2, 2; Call Maggie (1), 20/1, 3; Witless Wonder (3), 20/1, 4; Baytown Ivy (6), 4/9, 5; Rebel Comet (5), 2nd 6, 1l.; 4l. 30.25.

Heat 2—Astra (4), 1/3, 1; Kiwi's Tanist (6), 100/6, 2; Ballygrasset Biddy (3), 20/1, 3; Tangled Fate (2), 10/1, 4; Sprig of Munster (5), 9/2, 5. 4l.; 3l. 29.88.

850—Erin's Cracker (6), 5/2, 1; Love Untold (1), 5/2, 2; Bright Angel (2), 9/2, 3; Fairy Queen (4), 3/1, 4; Harrisdown Belle (4), 10/1, 5; Sundale Girl (5), 8/1 (did not finish). 3½l.; 21½l. 31.78.

500—Pompeyette (3), 9/4, 1; Jolly Rise (2), 6/1, 2; Kerries Printer (4), 7/2, 3; Border Hoax (1), 6/1, 4; Park Rattler (5), 7/4, 5; Ballynennon Broom (6), 5/1, 6. 5l.; 2½l. 29.87.

550—Speed Brush (1), 4/6, 1; Another Dancer (3), 10/1, 2; Mountrivers Music (5), 5/1, 3; Farmerstown Rally (6), 10/1, 4; Turf Range (7), 5/2, 5. 1l.; 8½l. 32.80.

HAROLD'S CROSS CARD

525—Breahig Harry, Limolin Robert, Katty's Sister, Broom Champion, Brown Paper, McMoffi, Little Pepperoot, Mutt's Border. 525—Lincoln Zephyr, Tuckers Fish, Garden Brigade, Killawardy, Izzadspez, Diamond Lady Again, Munisks, Manhattan Midday. 525 Ydo—Derby, Heat 5—Killea Lad, Rebel Of The Street, Oranmore Bandit, Lisa Lack, Highland Kid, Izzadsay. Heat 6—Guy Chevalier, Shaggy Lad, Poor Fellow, Tuckful Ruler, Gun Music. 550—O'Donnell Bawnmore Chance, Red Lally, Border Hoax, Wandering Sailor, Teddy, Speed Inc, Main Target. 550—Macklyn Quillo, Laddie, Shay Boy, Farriby Lad, Sparkling Hock, Caitra Lyons had both Clontarf's goals, while Sweep Loon Invader. 525—My Mac, Ti Chin, Ballyfarlee, Honest Transaction, Dark Ran, Morning Milk, Idaho, Black Mountain.

TURF ITEMS

The Cesarewitch will be run at Newmarket, Second October Meeting and the Cambridgeshire at the Newmarket Houghton Meeting. Entries close on August 28th.

***

H. Wragg will be riding at Stockton on Monday. Two of his mounts will be Bevy's Delight and Victor Firefly's Head Cm. K. Gethin goes to Ascot to ride F. Armstrong's Grande Corniche.

YACHTING

Results of yesterday evening's D.B.S.C. races were:—

21-Footers (start 6.30)—Maureen (winner), P. D. Odlum (scr.), 8h. 24m. 37s.; Estelle (2nd), Geraldine (3rd). Six competed.

17-Footers (start 6.35)—Eileen (winner), J. J. Macken (scr.), 7h. 50m. 9s.; Bobolink (2nd). Five competed.

Cruisers (start 6.40)—Sonja (1st), P. and D. Purcell (9½), 8-3-24; Nepenthe (2nd) Five competed.

Mermaids (start 6.45) — Claire (winner), Hagan and Dockrell (5), 8h. 7m. 59s.; Mantis (2nd), Iolar (3rd). Nine competed.

Sundry Boats (start 6.55)—Linda (winner), Stephen and Law (4), 7h. 54m. 31s.; Poppy Eye (2nd), Wren (3rd). Eight competed.

BIG RACE ENTRIES

NUNTHORPE STAKES (run at York Sept. 5th, 5 furs.)—Sermon (3), Exotic (3), Palm (a.), Portobello (a.), Darbhanga (3), Gustavor (4), Golden Cloud (4), Sealed Orders (3), Honeyrose (4), Pamphilius (4), Gay Scot (3), Mehrali (6), Lady's View (3), Fragrant View (4), The Shah (3), Jack Slatter (4), and Portlet (3).

CRIMCRACK STAKES (run at York September 6th, 6 furs., for 2-Y.O.'s).—The Yuvaraj, Maharaj Kumar, Akkaraje, Good Companion, Merry Walter, Goldsoldi, Neapolitan, Gulf Stream, K. D. Perlac, Proteus, Val de Grace, Serena Blandish c., Bancy, Lincoln Imp, Flying Fiscon, Leventina, Rivaz, Khaled, Radiotherapy, Erytheia, Strathmore, Oregon, Royal Scot, Helicon, and Fine Lad.

HANDICAP (run at York September 6th, 1¼ m.).—Fair Glint (4), Kingstone (3), John Peel (4), Cadet (4), Hursingore (4), Sun Song (5), Swift Call (4), Green Castle (3), Oliadon (6), Wokeyhole (5), Mandan (3), Diredawa (4), Abbess Fell (4), Filastor (a.), Manuzhir (3), Forthcoming (3), Wayside Inn (3), Voluntary (3), Reynard Volant (3), Red Fife (4), Sea You (4), Yorkshire Hussar (6), Robin of the Second (3), Gusty (3), Cornelius (3), Ekyad (4), Abbot of Knowle (3), Red Salute (4), Trimbush (5), Plymouth (6), Kerry Piper (4), Sister Patricia (5).

ASCOT ACCEPTANCES

To-morrow—Old Windsor Handicap (2¼m.).—Triumvir, Filator, Robin the Second, Loch Royal, Plymouth, Queensland.

Monday—Sturlock Handicap (1m.).—Marmaduke, Fair Weather, Gray Mist, Careless Talk, Erie's Folly, Roadhouse, Prince Florimond, Red Robin, Silver, Pennyfare, Clever Boy, Young Stratford, Minerva, Head Worker, Catapult, Red Grenlin, Admiral's Luck, Time Step, Colophon.

Alleged Theft of Suit Lengths

Gerald Egan, boxing promoter, and Christopher Kelly, boxing manager, North Circular road, and James Nolan, Annaduff drive; John Skelly, labourer, Oxmantown lane, and Nicholas Griffin, labourer, Belvedere place, Dublin, were further remanded for a week on continuing bail by District Justice Farrell, Dublin, yesterday, on charges of stealing and receiving of suit lengths from city establishments. Nolan was independently charged with the larceny of £57 in notes from the drapery establishment of Patton and Smyth, Parliament street, Dublin.

Detective-Sergeant J. Kennedy said that on two fresh charges of stealing suit lengths, Egan, Kelly, Skelly and Griffin said that they "knew nothing about it," and Nolan said: "I took that suit length from Pims and I gave it to Egan, and he did not pay me for it."

Detective-Sergeant Kennedy denied to Captain Cowan, solicitor for Egan, that he had told Egan that he would oppose bail if he did not hand over a grey overcoat that he had in his possession.

Employees in a number of city houses gave evidence of suit lengths having been missed. Miss Eileen McCullough, secretary to Messrs. Phillips and Co., Dame street, stating that, in March, 13 suit lengths were missing, their value being £51. On February 10th, she said, two men came in, and one said: "I was measured for a suit early in the week," and gave the name Edward Byrne. He called three or four times afterwards and was accompanied by another man. She believed Nolan was the man she knew as Edward Byrne.

Malachy Farrell, salesman, of Walter Scott and Co., Dame street, gave evidence of having missed eight suit lengths, valued at £26 5/-, and said he noticed that two or three men would come in together, examine suitings and leave without making a purchase. He had identified Griffin as one of the men.

British Appreciation Of State Department

A tribute to the Department of Agriculture for the part which it had played in popularising Irish meat products on the British market was paid by Dr. Leo Grace, British Ministry of Food, at the annual dinner of the Eire Fresh Meat Exporters' Committee, which was held in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last night.

"I certainly do feel," he said, "that you owe a great deal to your Department of Agriculture for the way in which it has created a confidence in the minds of the British public about Irish meat products."

Responding to the toast of the Committee, Mr. M. J. Lyons, Chairman, said that he could foresee within the next five or ten years Irish fresh meat would probably be dispatched in bulk to the British market by plane.

Other speakers included Mr. P. O'Mara and Mr. A. J. Broughton, Irish Traffic Manager, L.M.S.

FUNERAL

MR. HENRY J. EVANS

The funeral of Mr. Henry John Evans, Gorse Lodge, Greystones, Co. Wicklow, took place yesterday to Redford Cemetery. The service in Greystones Parish Church was conducted by the Rector, the Rev. Dr. S. F. B. Moore, and Canon J. S. Long. The Service at the cemetery was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Moore.

The chief mourners were:—Mrs. Evans (widow); Mr. Lewis Evans and Mr. Vincent Evans (sons); Mrs. Robb, Miss Muriel Evans and Mrs. Maisey (daughters); Miss Jane Evans and Mrs. Webster (sisters).

Fatal Fall From Window

While on a visit to friends in Denmark street, Limerick, last night a boy named James O'Doherty, 15 D road, Prospect, fell from a window and sustained injuries from which he died shortly afterwards in Barrington's Hospital.

Walking in his sleep through his second storey bedroom window early yesterday morning, Francis Bourke, Barrington's Mall, Limerick, fell to the street, 20 feet below. His arm was broken in two places, and he is suffering from shock in Barrington's Hospital.

COUNSEL IN HIGH COURT CASE

In the report of Mr. Justice Gavan Duffy's judgment in the High Court last Tuesday on the question of privilege where clergymen are called as witnesses in Court the appearances should have been given as follows:—Mr. Joseph Healy, S.C., and Mr. William Roche (instructed by Messrs. M. J. Byrne and Co.) for the plaintiff; and Mr. T. K. Liston, S.C., and Mr. William Binchy (instructed by Messrs. Marshall and Macauley) for the defendant.

REPORT OF "BIG THREE"

Plans to Build Up a Lasting Peace

Continued from Page 1, Column 4

western frontier of Poland should await the peace settlement. Pending that delineation, the former German territories east of a line running from the Baltic Sea immediately west of Swinemunde, along the Oder River to the confluence of the Western Neisse River, and along the Western Neisse to the Czechoslovak frontier including that portion of East Prussia not placed under the administration of the Soviet Union, and including the former free city of Danzig, shall be under the administration of the Polish State, and should not be considered as part of the Soviet zone of occupation in Germany.

PEACE TREATIES AND THE UNITED NATIONS' ORGANISATION

The Conference agreed upon the following statement of common policy for establishing conditions of lasting peace:—

The three Governments consider it desirable that the present anomalous position of Italy, Bulgaria, Finland, Hungary and Rumania should be terminated by the conclusion of peace treaties. They trust that the other interested Allied Governments will share these views.

For their part the three Governments have included the preparation of a peace treaty for Italy as the first among the tasks to be undertaken by the new Council of Foreign Ministers.

The conclusion of peace with a recognised and democratic Italian Government will make it possible for the three Governments to support an application from Italy for membership of the United Nations.

The three Governments have also charged the Council of Foreign Ministers with the tasks of preparing peace treaties for Bulgaria, Finland, Hungary and Rumania. The three Governments could then support applications from them also for membership of the United Nations.

Representatives of the Allied Press will enjoy full freedom to report to the world upon developments in those countries.

As regards the admission of other States into the United Nations organisation, Article 4 of the Charter of the United Nations declares that (1) membership in the United Nations is open to all other peace-loving States who accept the obligations contained in the present Charter and, in the judgment of the organisation, are able and willing to carry out those obligations; (2) the admission of any such State to membership will be effected by a decision of the General Assembly on the recommendation of the Security Council.

SPAIN

The three Governments will support applications for membership from neutral States which fulfil the qualifications set out above, but they feel bound to make clear that they would not favour any application for membership put forward by the present Spanish Government, which, having been founded with the support of the Axis Powers, does not, in view of its origins, its nature, its record and its close association with the aggressor States, possess the qualifications necessary to justify such membership.

The disposition of any former Italian territories will be decided in connection with the preparation of a peace treaty with Italy and the question of Italian territory will be considered by the Council of Foreign Ministers.

TRANSFERS OF GERMAN POPULATIONS

On the removal of Germans from Poland, Czechoslovakia and Hungary, the conference is agreed that any transfers that take place should be affected in an orderly and humane manner. The Allied Control Council in Germany should first examine the problem with regard to the question of equitable distribution of these Germans in the several zones.

They are, accordingly, instructing the Control Council to submit an estimate of the time and rate at which further transfers could be carried out, having regard to the present situation in Germany. The Czechoslovak and Polish Governments and the Control Council in Hungary are being requested meanwhile to suspend further expulsions.

During the conference there were meetings between the Chiefs of Staff of the three Governments on military matters of common interest.

Irish News in Brief

Danger of Mines.—The B.B.C. broadcast yesterday a warning to fishing trawlers between the Irish and Cornish coasts to beware of mines, and advised them to fish only south-west of a certain line.

Army Lorry-Driver Fined.—Dismissing a charge of dangerous driving against Sapper Purcell, Defence Forces, at Kilmainham Court, District Justice O Riain fined the defendant 2s. 6d. for driving without due consideration. On May 8th last, Purcell was driving a lorry at Ashtown Cross, on the Navan road, when the lorry overturned and 12 soldiers were thrown to the ground and injured.

Dog Owner to Pay £4.—At Dun Laoghaire yesterday, Mrs. Emily Frances Fenton, Fintrogh, Knapton road Dun Laoghaire, was fined 1s. and ordered to pay £4 compensation to a young woman who had been bitten by her 11-year-old Sealyham terrier in a shop in Dun Laoghaire.

Wicklow Maritime Exhibition.—Captain F. B. Kent, Merchant Navy, a grand-nephew of Captain R. C. Halpin, Tinnakilly, Wicklow, who commanded the Great Eastern cable ship, opened an exhibition of articles associated with the sea and the seafaring folk of Co. Wicklow in Wicklow town yesterday.

Electric Wire Damaged.—When a piece of wire swung by a juvenile fell on the E.S.B. wires at Ballycoolan, Blanchardstown, Co. Dublin, the residents of the area were deprived of electric current for two hours. At Kilmainham District Court yesterday, the parents of the juvenile were ordered to pay £5 5s. compensation to the E.S.B., and fined 2s. 6d.

Cork-Waterford Line Cleared.—The obstruction on the Waterford-Cork railway line caused by the engine derailment on Tuesday night was successfully cleared at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and normal services were resumed four-and-a-half hours later.

Unemployment Figures.—The number of persons registered at the Employment Exchanges on July 28th was 43,541 an increase of 408, as compared with the previous week. The number registered at the corresponding period last year was 45,953.

Threshing Charges.—Owners of threshing machines are prohibited from charging for services during the present threshing season a rate more than 12½ per cent. above the rate in operation in their locality in the 1941-42 season.

"No "King of the Road" Yet.—The drowning of 16-year-old Martin Collins, an itinerant, while bathing some four miles from Galway city on Monday, caused a post

BIG THREE"

uild Up a Peace

declares that (1) membership in the United Nations is open to all other peace-loving States who accept the obligations contained in the present Charter and, in the judgment of the organisation, are able and willing to carry out those obligations; (2) the admission of any such State to membership will be effected by a decision of the General Assembly on the recommendation of the Security Council.

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Manslaughter Charge Against Two Soldiers

District Justice Beatty at Mullingar yesterday, returned for trial on November 13th Private James Hanley (23), a native of Rooskey, Roscommon, and Private Colum McGranaghan (22), a native of Ballybofey, on a charge of the manslaughter of Miss Esther A. Bannon (21), Rathlevanagh, Mullyfarnham, at Portnashangan on July 5th, and of the larceny of a car, valued at £250, the property of George Mitchell, Ballinarackey.

Both accused men were remanded in custody.

In statements alleged to be made by both men, they admitted the charges after having at first denied them. Hanley explained fresh cuts on the back of his left hand by saying a brick fell on him while building a wall. The blood on his shirt and handkerchief he at first attributed to his nose having bled. He had not a lot of drink taken and McGranaghan was not drunk.

McGranaghan said he had too much drink taken and did not know what he was doing.

Garda evidence was given of having found glass fragments and bloodstains on the clothes of the accused men, as well as a piece of glass in McGranaghan's hair, which they were unable to explain.

Dr. J. McGrath, State Pathologist, described having found smears and spatters of blood on certain articles of clothing. A sample of hair removed from inside the door of the car and a sample, labelled "Small articles of matter," taken from the dashboard were similar in respects to a sample lately removed from the deceased woman's head.

LEGAL DIARY

THE TAXING MASTER'S OFFICE.—Today, Master O'Hanlon, 11, Exparte Taxations —Bank of Ireland v. Attorney-General, Gore and Grimes; a Ward of Court, P. J. Rutledge; O'Connell v. Finneran, W. P. Kelly and Walker; O'Connell v. Finneran, James Fagan.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.—Examiners' Branch, 93 Merrion square, Mr. Nash—11, Manson's boat vouch, G.D.; 3, Adams, S. 2345, vouch, G.D.

LOST HER "MIDDLE-AGE SPREAD"

Ended Her Constipation and Doubled Her Energy

This middle-aged woman had two big worries. She was putting on weight and she was constipated. She read about Kruschen, and it gave her new hope. After three months on Kruschen, her worries were over, as she tells in this letter:—

"I had been constipated for some time. Like so many people, I began taking purgatives which in the end only made the constipation worse. Three months ago, I saw an advertisement for Kruschen Salts which gave me new hope. I thought, this is just what I need. I at once bought a bottle, and have been taking Kruschen every morning since. I can tell you now of the benefit received. I no longer suffer from constipation, and the 'middle-age spread' which was worrying me has completely vanished. I have double the energy I had."—(Mrs.) A. W.

Constipation and an increasing waistline often arise from the same cause—a gradual slowing-down of the internal organs. This frequently happens in middle-age. As a result, the whole general tone of the body is lowered, fat begins to accumulate, energy and ambition are killed.

The daily dose of Kruschen assists the organs to do their work properly—to throw off every day the waste matter and poisons that encumber the system. Then your energy returns, your waistline shrinks, and you feel better than you have done for years.

Start taking Kruschen to-day. It is sold by all chemists, price 1/9 per bottle.

Cigarettes

White Horse Virginia, Made in London. Rich in flavour, yet cool. 10 for 1/3, 12/6 per 100.

Call or write for price list of Cigarettes and Tobaccos and Havana Cigars.

P. J. COURTNEY, 28 Upper George's Street, Dun Laoghaire, DUBLIN

THEATRES, CINEMAS AND PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

GAIETY NIGHTLY at 7.30. MATINEE SAT., 2.30. An Enthralling Story of the GERMAN OCCUPATION OF NORWAY. "THE MOON IS DOWN." By JOHN STEINBECK. Produced by RIA MOONEY. NEXT WEEK — A MERRY, MAGNIFICENT TECHNICOLORFUL REVUE, "LET'S GO." By Harry O'Donovan. With JIMMY O'DEA SEAN MOONEY and RENEE FLYNN. Booking Daily, 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

OLYMPIA NIGHTLY, 7.45. Two Performances Sat., 6.40 and 9. GRAND FAREWELL GALA SHOW. CECIL SHERIDAN IN "HAPPY GANG," NEXT WEEK: ILLSLEY. — McCABE Introduce the Continental Actress, Liane Ordeyne, with Stanley Illsley, in "RAIN." By SOMERSET MAUGHAM. Now Booking at Theatre, 10.30-6. 'Phone 22962.

ABBEY At 7.45 p.m. "DRAMA AT INISH," A Comedy in Three Acts, By Lennox Robinson. Latecomers not admitted until end of First Act. NEXT WEEK—FIRST PRODUCTION OF "MARKS AND MABEL," By Brinsley Macnamara.

GATE LONGFORD PRODUCTIONS. THE WATCHER." (A Dublin Ghost Story.) By J. SHERIDAN LE FANU. Nightly at 7.30 Mat., Sat., 2.30 p.m.

METROPOLE 2.25, 4.40, 6.50, 9.10. Gripping Drama, Breathless Excitement. "GUADALCANAL DIARY." PRESTON FOSTER, LLOYD NOLAN.

CORINTHIAN 2.30 TO 10.30 P.M. FIRST TIME TO EIRE!! "THE MUMMY'S CURSE." LON CHANEY. 2.46, 4.59, 7.12, 9.25.

DE LUXE 4.30, 6.51, 9.12. ANNE SHIRLEY, "MUSIC IN MANHATTAN." Also THE STORY OF LILI MARLENE.

ASTORIA DUN LAOGHAIRE. At 3.55, 6.10, 8.25. Charles LAUGHTON, Fredric MARCH, Claudette COLBERT, in Cecil B. De Mille's "SIGN OF THE CROSS."

GRAND CENTRAL Cont 2.30. LAST 2 DAYS. "WAKE ISLAND," At 3.5, 5.5, 7.5, 9 o'c. SUNDAY NEXT — Veronica LAKE Claudette COLBERT Paulette GODDARD "SO PROUDLY WE HAIL."

ROYAL At 2.0, 4.15, 6.35, 8.50. Don Ameche Diana Andrews William Eythe in "WING AND A PRAYER," Also The Presidential Inauguration of MR. SEAN T. O'KELLY, And Full Supporting Programme. — SUNDAY NEXT. — The Season's New Show Sensation! "ROYAL BROCADE" (By Dick Forbes). A Tapestry of Splendour, Laughter and Song. Unparalleled in Spectacle, Rich in Humour, Superb in Music, with All-Star cast. SCREEN: John Wayne, Ella Raines, in "TALL IN THE SADDLE." BOOK NOW FOR SUNDAY NIGHT.

REGAL ROOMS CINEMA. Three Shows Daily. At 3.0, 5.30, 8 p.m. Laurence Olivier's Presentation of "HENRY V" (In Technicolour). Robert Newton, Renée Asherson, Esmond Knight. Prices of admission—1/6, 2/6. Obtainable at Door. A limited number of 3/6 seats bookable for each performance. BOOK NOW.

SAVOY TO-DAY, at 2.0, 4.15, 6.34, 8.50. THE STORY OF A PLATOON! DAVID NIVEN, PENELOPE STANLEY, RAYMOND WARD, HOLLOWAY, LOVELL In the Two Cities Film. "THE WAY AHEAD," NORMAN METCALFE at the Organ.

CAPITOL —DAILY— 2.30 to 10.45. — RETAINED — ALAN LADD, LORETTA YOUNG, In RACHEL FIELD'S "AND NOW TO-MORROW." Showing at 3.45, 6.30, 9.15. On the Stage at 2.30, 5.15, 8 o'c. "CABARET BRAZIL" MARTIN CROSBIE, BRIDIE HOWITT, LEO ROWSOME, MONICA BONNIE, O'KEEFFE BROTHERS and ANNETTE, FRED DOYLE, ROY CROFT, THE CAPITOL ORCHESTRA AND GIRLS

CARLTON Daily at 2.0, 4.35, 6.55, 9.15. RONALD COLMAN, With LORETTA YOUNG, in "THE DEVIL TO PAY." Delightful Comedy-Romance of pre-war days when life was carefree and gay. EXTRA SENSATIONAL ATTRACTION: HITLER—DEAD OR ALIVE! BOOK NOW FOR SUNDAY NIGHT.

GRAFTON Continuous from 2 o'c. 2.30, 4.40, 6.50, 9.0. ABBOTT and COSTELLO 'HERE COME THE CO-EDS' Extra! "The Second Battle of London." OUR CAFE NOW OPEN. (Under new Management.)

ASTOR 3.5, 5.15, 7.25, 9.35. BARRY FITZGERALD In SEAN O'CASEY'S "THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS." Preston Foster, Una O'Connor, Arthur Shields, Barbara Stanwyck, Barbara Bieen Crowe. Extra—"YOUTH RUNS WILD." A soul-stirring story of to-day's adolescents

ADELPHI At 2.12, 4.21, 6.30, 8.39. IRVING BERLIN'S "THIS IS THE ARMY." With George Murphy, Joan Leslie, Ronald Reagan, and, special appearance in the film of the heavyweight champion, JOE LOUIS. BOOK FOR SUNDAY NIGHT. CAFE OPEN FROM 10.30 A.M.

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE At 3.54, 6.9 & 8.24. MARGARET LOCKWOOD, STEWART GRANGER in "LOVE STORY."

REGENT BLACKROCK. 4.15, 6.35, 8.55. DONALD O'CONNOR, PEGGY RYAN, THE MERRY MONAHANS. Extra: "OVER THE RHINE."

GREEN —First time in Eire—CLIVE BROOK, JOHN CLEMENT, in the Great Sea Epic, "CONVOY." At 2.30, 4.40, 6.50, 9.0.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR IMCO FILTRATION DE LUXE CLEANING Post to IMCO, Merrion, Dublin.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BANBRIDGE DISTRICT HOSPITAL. HOUSE SURGEONS WANTED.

The Committee of Governors of the above Hospital invite applications from properly qualified persons to fill immediate Vacancies for TWO RESIDENT HOUSE SURGEONS for a period of six months at a salary of £150 per annum plus £15 12/- war bonus, with rations and apartments.

Applications accompanied by copies of certificates of qualifications and testimonials, will be received by the undersigned up to the hour of Five o'clock noon on Saturday, the 11th August, 1945.

The appointments will be subject to the approval of the Ministry of Health and Local Government, Northern Ireland.

J. C. PAINTRIDGE, Clerk to Governors.

District Hospital, Banbridge, Co. Down. 30th July, 1945.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

THE SCANLAN SCHOLARSHIP.

The Scanlan Scholarship of the annual value of about £40, which is tenable for three years at University College, Dublin, will be offered for competition amongst candidates selected and nominated by the Dean and Chapter of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Killaloe, at the Entrance Scholarship Examination which begins at Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin, on Tuesday, October 2nd, 1945. Applications for admission to the Examination should be sent before September 1st, 1945, to:—

Very Reverend Michael Canon Quinn, President, St. Flannan's College, Ennis.

The General Regulations of the University College, Dublin, containing the courses for the Entrance Scholarship Examination may be obtained on application to the Registrar, University College, Dublin. K.A.A.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Goods of JOHN GEORGE McENTAGART, late of Dunfrith, Butterfield avenue, Rathfarnham, County Dublin, deceased.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the above-named Deceased are required to furnish particulars of same (in writing) to the undersigned.

GODDING MURRAY, Solicitors, 3 Dawson street, Dublin.

LEGAL NOTICES

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS. ANNA CLARKE, late of formerly of the Lower Library, Road, and of Dunsoughly House, Drumcondra, Medical Doctor, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the Estate of the above Deceased, who died on the 16th day of March, 1945, are hereby required, on or before the 16th day of August, 1945, to furnish (in writing) details particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administrator, to whom Letters of Administration (intestate) were granted from of the Principal Registry (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Eire on the 4th day of July, 1945. And Notice is hereby given that after the said date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the Estate of Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have Notice.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1945.

H. J. W. DOWNEY & SON, Solicitors for the Administrator, 118 Grafton Street, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS. MARY ANN STODDART, late of 84 Avis, Westminster Road, Foxrock, in the County of Dublin, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claims to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the Estate of the above Deceased, who died on the 27th November, 1944, are hereby required, on or before the 3rd day of September, 1945, to furnish (in writing) detailed particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administratrix, to whom Letters of Administration (Intestate) were granted forth of the Principal Registry (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Eire on the 13th day of February, 1945; and Notice is hereby given that after the said date the said Administratrix proceed to distribute the estate of Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have Notice.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1945.

H. J. W. DOWNEY & SON, Solicitors for the Administratrix, 118 Grafton Street, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS. FLORENCE MASSY HILL, late of Redford, Londonderry, in the County of Londonderry, Spinster, Deceased, formerly of Clonard, Torquay Road, Foxrock, in the County of Dublin.

Notice is her.by given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the estate of the above Deceased, who died on the 3rd February, 1944, are hereby required, on or before the 3rd day of September, 1945, to furnish (in writing) detailed particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executor, to whom Probate has been granted by the Principal Registry (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Eire on the 12th day of May, 1944; and Notice is hereby given that after the said date the Executor will proceed to distribute the Estate of Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have Notice.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1945.

H. J. W. DOWNEY & SON, Solicitors for the Executor, 118 Grafton Street, Dublin.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

RESTRICTION ON THRESHING CHARGES.

The Government have made an Order entitled "Threshing (No. 361) Order, 1945," which prohibits any person from making for the hire of a reward a threshing set or for the threshing of any cereal during the period commencing on 1st September, 1945, and ending on 31st August, 1946, a charge exceeding by more than 12½ per cent. the charge which was current in his locality during the period commencing on 1st September, 1941, and ending on 31st March, 1942.

Copies of the Order will be placed on sale without delay and will be purchasable from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College street, Dublin, or through any bookseller.

D. TWOMEY, Secretary, Department of Agriculture. 2nd August, 1945.

THE PATRIOTIC ASSURANCE COMANY, LTD.

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GEO. W. VERDON, Secretary.

FOR FIRE, ACCIDENT, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION, MOTOR, PLATE GLASS, BURGLARY, &c.

Low Rates of Premium and Prompt and Liberal Settlements of Claims.

Proposal Forms and all information on application to the Company, or to the Company's Agents.

BROADCASTING

IRISH PROGRAMME

NEWS at 1.40, 6.40, 10 (Northern) and 1 a.m.

1.0-1.40 — Concert. 1.45-2.15 — Sponsored Programme. 2.15-2.30—Records. 6.0—Piano Trio and Sonata do's na Leanbhai; Pailiomen Cochonnet—Mac Donnagh (mezzo-soprano). 7.15 — Radio Eireann Orchestra. 8.0—" Epilogue." 8.45—" The Garden." 9.0—Irish Local Weekly." 9.30—" Marriage of Figaro," Act IV. 10.30—" Scottish Half-hour."

B.B.C. HOME SERVICE

NEWS at 7 and 8 a.m., 1, 6, 9 and 11 p.m. 449.1 m. (668 kc/s); 31.55 m. (9,510 kc/s).

6.30—Records. 7.30—Exercises. 7.35—Schumann. 7.55—" Lift Up Your Hearts!" 8.20—The Kitchen Front. 8.35—Records. 9.0—Harry Leader. 9.40—Mozart. 10.15—Daily Service. 10.30—Music While You Work. 11.0—" Lucky Dip." 11.40—West Country Singers. 12.0—Russian Piano Music. 12.30—Break for Music. 1.15—" Stranger than Fiction!" 1.30 " Arranged Back." 2.15—Pier Orchestra. 3.0—" Passing of the Regiments." 3.30—Music at Home. 4.10 — " Strictly Instrumental." 4.45 — "This is the Law." 5.15—Children's Hour. 6.0—The North Countryman. 7.0—Henry Wood Promenade Concerts. 8.0—Paul Robeson. 8.15—" Operation Pluto." 9.10—Topical Talk. 9.30—B.B.C. Northern Orchestra. 10.0—Percy Herbert." 10.30—Mozart. 11.3 — Cabaret. 11.45 — Poetry Promenade.

LIGHT PROGRAMME

NEWS at 9 a.m.: 12.30, 7, 10 and 11.30 p.m. 1,500 m. (200 kc/s); 261.1 m. (1,149 kc/s).

9.0—Programme Summary. 9.15—Organ. 9.40—Keyboard Kapers. 10.0—Record Album. 11.0—Irish Rhythms. 11.30—" Great Music." 12.0—Organ. 12.40—Records. 1.0—Variety Orchestra. 1.30—Alouette Quartet. 1.45—George Elrick. 2.15—" Melody Time." 2.45—" The Robinson Family." 3.0—" Piano Parade." 3.30—Music While You Work. 4.0—" The Adventures of Julia." 4.30—" String Along with Sandy." 5.0—Cory Brothers' Workmen's Band. 5.30—Binnie Hale. 6.0—Jamaican Rhythm Club. 7.10—Forces Favourites. 8.0—" Merry-go-Round." 9.0—" Unusually Yours." 9.15—" Floor Show." 10.15—" Talk of the Town." 10.30—Richard Crean. 11.0—Edmundo Ros. 11.30—Charles Smart.

U.S. DECORATIONS FOR BRITISH COMMANDERS

The following American decorations have been awarded to British commanders:—

Distinguished Service Medal—Lt.-General Sir Richard McCreery, formerly Commander of the Eighth Army, and now commanding the British Forces in Austria.

Legion of Merit, Degree of Commander—Major-General H. Murray, Commander of the Sixth Armoured Division, and Major-General R. K. Arbuthnott, Commander of the 78th Division.

PRESENTATION

Mr. G. C. King, who has been Honorary Secretary of the Board of Trustees of St. Michan's Church, Dublin, for 44 years, was presented with a cheque by his fellow-trustees yesterday. The ceremony took place at the offices of Messrs. James Winstanley, Ltd., Back lane, Christchurch place, Dublin. Mr. T. J. Smalley, in making the presentation, said that Mr. King was the mainspring in connection with the trustees.

IRISH WILLS

Miss Bridget Keane, Marestimo place, Blackrock, Co. Dublin—£5,648; Mr. William Henry Stringer, Terenure road, East, Dublin—£3,736; Mrs. Alice Trousdell, Collins avenue, Dublin —£14,420 (Britain).

Martin John Hartigan, Belleview, Croom, Co. Limerick—£28,244; Miss Evelina Susanna Isabel Massy, M.B., Gortees, Delgany, Co. Wicklow—£19,700 (Britain).

(Continued from Previous Column).

FAIRVIEW HALL, Annesley Bridge road.—12, Mr. Hugh Reid. 7.15, Mr. J. D. Lewis. SYDNEY HALL, Blackrock.—7, Mr. E. V. Lewis.

NORTHUMBERLAND HALL, Dun Laoghaire.—7.30, Mr. W. Callaghan. FIRST DUBLIN SPIRITUALIST ASSOCIATION, 64 Adelaide road.—11.30 and 7.30.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Dublin, 2 Elgin road, Ballsbridge.—11, Lesson-Sermon subject, "Life." Sunday School at 11. Reading Room, 2 Elgin road, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5. Sunday School at 11. Reading Room, 2 Elgin road, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5. Wednesday evening meeting at 8.

CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Dun Laoghaire, 3 Sussex terrace.—11, Lesson-Sermon subject, "Life." Sunday School at 11. Reading Room, 3 Sussex terrace, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5. Wednesday evening meeting at 8.

CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Rathmines, 3 Leinster road.—11, Lesson-Sermon subject, "Life." Sunday School at 11. Reading Room, 3 Leinster road, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5. Wednesday evening meeting at 8.

CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Terenure, 6 Rostrevor road.—11, Lesson-Sermon subject, "Life." Sunday School at 11. Reading Room, 6 Rostrevor road, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5. Wednesday evening meeting at 8.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.—Sunday, 11, Public Lecture, "Life." Wednesday, 8, Testimony Meeting. Reading Room, 3 Leinster road, open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5.

Y.M.C.A., 25 Eden quay.—Sunday, 11, Rev. Dr. Hutton, "Wells, Cisterns and Broken Cisterns."

The Irish Times

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1945

"THE BIG ONE"

The Potsdam Conference is over. It began just over a fortnight ago, and ended late on Wednesday evening in an atmosphere of apparent geniality and good-will. History probably will assess it as one of the most important international gatherings of all time, although, of course, it is far too soon yet even to discuss the magnitude of the issues that were before it. Throughout the war against Germany, or as least, since 1942, all important decisions were taken by the so-called "Big Three"—namely, Marshal Stalin, Mr. Winston Churchill, and the late President Roosevelt. They met at Teheran, and afterwards at Yalta; and it was largely as a result of the close intimacy between them that Germany suffered such a crushing defeat. The original "Big Three" are no more. President Roosevelt is dead, and, in the middle of the Potsdam conversations, Mr. Winston Churchill was swept from power by the overwhelming vote of the British electorate. With him, his Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, generally acclaimed as the ablest and most far-seeing occupant of his important office for many years, has disappeared from the international scene. President Truman is admittedly without experience in negotiations of this kind; and the result is that, however competently he and Mr. Clement Attlee may have conducted the talks at Potsdam during the last few days, Marshal Stalin, in the nature of things, must have dominated the Conference. The results of the British general election must have been a liberal education for the Russian leader. The Russians now, as in the days of the Romanoffs, seem to be utterly unable to understand the workings of a democracy. To Joseph Stalin, the fact that Mr. Churchill, Britain's idolised war leader, has been deposed from power, must seem to be almost incredible. He is a dictator every whit as absolute and as contemptuous of criticism as were Hitler and Mussolini in their respective countries. Doubtless, he is learning, as we all learn through experience; but the proceedings at Potsdam suggest that he is not making conspicuously rapid progress. The democratic ideal, as enunciated by Woodrow Wilson, is "open covenants, openly arrived at." However open the Potsdam agreement may be, it certainly was reached in circumstances of the deepest secrecy. From the outset the Russians have insisted that there shall be no freedom for the Press. They never allowed foreign correspondents to accompany their armies during the war; the Yalta meeting was held behind closed doors; and at Potsdam the conferences took place actually in a compound into which no journalist was allowed to penetrate. While the British and Americans have been strolling freely through Berlin, the Russians have been surrounding themselves with mystery and secret police. This contrast symbolises the difference of "ideology."

It has been plain from the beginning that a great gulf is fixed between the attitude towards Germany of the Russians on the one hand, and the Anglo-Saxons on the other. At Yalta it was decided definitely that Germany's unconditional surrender would be followed not only by her complete disarmament, but also by the destruction of her war industries. Since the Allied occupation, the Russians have been interpreting this decision at the foot of the letter. They have a very simple criterion. A man is either a Communist or a Fascist. The Fascists must be rendered wholly impotent; therefore, everybody who is not a Communist must be treated as a pariah. This policy has been followed already in Poland and the Balkan States. How far it has succeeded, nobody in Western Europe can tell, because no impartial reports can be obtained. In Germany the Russians have been annihilating the country's war potential in a most effective way. They have been removing all sorts of machinery in large quantities, and destroying German industry so that it cannot possibly re-establish itself for many, many years. On the other hand, they have been playing up to the German proletariat, treating the working-classes not as enemies, but as comrades who have been the victims of Nazi persecution. Their aim is as obvious as it is logical. They are trying to win over the German masses to the Soviet system; and it is quite possible that they may achieve a certain measure of success. The Germans have suffered grievously in recent years. They are hungry to-day, and hungry men and women will do most things for food. The British and Americans have been working on a totally different basis. They do not take the view that if a German is not a Communist, he must be an active Nazi; and they have been trying, in the blundering democratic way, to deal fairly with all classes of the German population, while, at the same time, making it perfectly clear that they are the victors, and the Germans the vanquished. They have not been pampering the workers at the expense of the middle classes. For that reason they have incurred Russian displeasure; and one of the most important tasks of the Potsdam conference was to devise some formula which would get rid of the more glaring inconsistencies of a situation that has been threatening to undermine the essential unity of the United Nations. As we write, we do not yet know the terms of the statement which was made last evening by the "Big Three." What we do know is that Marshal Stalin, with most of the cards in his hand, is playing for big stakes.

Brighter Broadcasts

The British Broadcasting Corporation, moving without fanfares from a war-time to a peace-time basis, has resumed transmission from its regional stations. At present, most of them are "on the air" only for a few hours every day, and for the rest of the time listeners must take their choice of the Home or the new "Light" programme—which, by the way, has gone back upon the long wave, at the sign of the former "National" station. Nevertheless, it is plain that Radio Eireann, if it is interested not merely in collecting licence fees but in attracting Irish listeners, will have increased competition. Its position, of course, is peculiar; for in this business, unlike most others, the customer must pay his money in advance and then take what he gets. Even more satisfactory, from the business point of view, is the fact that he is unlikely to withdraw his support, no matter what fare he is offered, since by turning a knob he can obtain the British product free of any extra charge. One may presume, however, that the broadcasting authorities are honest, and wish to give listeners a good return for their money. To some extent, they have succeeded. A number of the featured programmes have become widely popular, not only in Ireland but abroad. "Question Time" and "Around the Fire," for example, have attained the standing of national institutions. The concerts given by the radio orchestra have drawn large audiences, to the concert-hall as well as to the loud-speaker, and undoubtedly they have played a large part in the popularisation of classical music. All this, then, comes under the heading of good value. On the other hand, the hours of broadcasting are pitifully short; and in the morning and afternoon Irish listeners have no choice but to tune in to British stations. Programmes feature only a very small proportion of the available talent — a fact which sometimes is painfully obvious—because the fees paid to artists and writers are too small to be profitable, and far too small to encourage them to develop a broadcasting technique. The competition of the Northern Ireland region may make these facts so plain beforé long that Radio Eireann will be forced to take drastic action. Why, then, does the Minister not loosen the purse strings at once?

Social and Personal

THE President received the following at Aras an Uachtarain yesterday:—Dr. Ernest Alton, Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, and Dr. K. C. Bailey, Registrar; Dr. Richard Best, President Royal Irish Academy, Dr. J. J. Nolan, Secretary, and Dr. Felix Hackett, Treasurer; Mr. Robert Brennan, Irish Minister to the U.S.A.; Domhnall Ua Buachalla; Mr. and Mrs. Erskine Childers.

Lady Kilbracken has returned to Killeshandra, Co. Cavan, from Dublin.

Lord Halifax, British Ambassador in Washington, and Lady Halifax, have arrived in England by air, and are now in London.

Lady B. Flower, wife of Sir Newman Flower, arrived in Dublin from London yesterday. She will spend a three weeks' holiday in the South of Ireland, chiefly in Cork and Milltown-Malbay.

Sir Evan and Lady J. Evans have arrived in Dublin from England.

Sir Percy Loraine attended a luncheon party given this week at the Egyptian Embassy in London by Abdel Fattah Amr Pasha.

As from August 1st the official residence of the Italian Chargé d'Affaires is Lucan House, Lucan (telephone Lucan 35).

The engagement is announced of Patrick Blanchfield Cullen, son of the late Edmond James and Genevieve Cullen, of Cran House, Leighlinbridge, and Josephine Mai (Josie) daughter of Stephen W. and Brigid McDonnell, of Leighlinbridge and Rathduff, Bagenalstown. Co Carlow

The marriage arranged between John Charles, elder son of the late Joshua McCullough and of Mrs. McCullough, 2 Dublin road, Drogheda, and Muriel Stephens, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Hewson, Boyne House, Drogheda, will take place quietly at St. Mary's Church, Drogheda, on Tuesday, 4th September.

Dr. Drury Byrne has left his residence, 1 Fitzwilliam place, until September.

Dr. R. R. Woods has left 39 Merrion square for three weeks.

Dr. W. B. E. McCrea has returned to 61 Fitzwilliam square.

Dr. Martin Morris has returned to 21 Idrone terrace, Blackrock.

Dr. Kevin Malley has returned to 57 Merrion square.

Dr. J. Murray Hayden has returned to 41 Fitzwilliam square.

Dr. Mary Connolly has returned to 67 Fitzwilliam square.

Dr. Sarah O'Malley has returned to 4 Pery square, Limerick.

Mr. H. F. MacAuley has left Dublin till September.

Mr. McArevey has left 5 Fitzwilliam place until August 17th.

Mr. J. P. O'Tierney, B.D.S. will be absent from Dalymount until 3rd September.

Mr. C. V. O'Malley, L.D.S.I., has returned to 4 Pery square, Limerick.

Mr. Daniel Gallivan, B.D.S., has left 32 Nth. Frederick st. for three weeks.

Mr. T. M. O'Grady will be absent from 3 Upper O'Connell street for three weeks.

Mr. J. E. Willoughby, L.D.S.I., has left 67 Harcourt st. until August 20th.

Switzers are making a special offer of about 200 good quality Handbags at half the regular prices. The collection includes a variety of smart designs in real Crocodile, Python, Calf, Seal, Morocco and Suede. These Bags cannot be sent on approval.

See the new Decorative Mirrors now showing at the Print Shop, 28 South Anne street.

Among the new novelties arriving daily at Newells Baby Dept. are Bakelite Feeding Plates, 2/11 and 4/11; Mugs, 1/9; Toothbrush and Tumbler Set, 5/11; Silk covered Baby Coat Hangers, 1/11. Early visit advised.—Newells, Grafton st.

At Kelletts, first arrival of fascinating collection of Hungarian Snoods in exquisite colourings. No trousseau is complete without one of these.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle wear.—Dixon, Hempenstall, Grafton street. Only Axpol Lenses used.

Don't say "Curlers"—say "Ethel." Ethel Hair Curlers are best.

Turkish Baths, Steam, Hot Air (Continued in Next Column.)

HOLIDAY TRAFFIC WILL BE HEAVY

THIS week-end there will be the greatest exodus of people from Irish cities and towns to the seaside and country since the August bank holiday of 1939. The ending of the war in Europe has increased holiday traffic this summer and the recent really hot weather has decided thousands more to make this as like a pre-war August bank holiday as possible.

"Bookings for the week-end are the heaviest I have known in the rail services for a number of years," a C.I.E. official told an *Irish Times* reporter. The company is not allowed to run extra trains and buses, but the official said that they would be able to accommodate all passengers.

The G.N.R. will run extra trains to-morrow, although there will be only the usual service on Sunday. Yesterday there were no seats bookable for to-day, Saturday and Sunday trains on the main line to Belfast. This does not mean, however, that every seat on these trains is filled, because the company reserve a certain number of seats. Indications are that many "queue trains"—trains for passengers who have queued in vain for some particular train—will have to be put on.

At the seaside resorts near Dublin there is virtually no hotel accommodation, said one boarding-house keeper. The Irish Tourist Association recently advertised in the newspapers requesting hotels which were not booked out to get in touch with them for the purpose of preparing a short list of hotels with accommodation. "It was a very short list, indeed," an I.T.A. official remarked to our reporter.

LONDON ACTRESS FOR DUBLIN STAGE

Miss Liane Ordeyne, who will be acting in Dublin next week, is the first actress to be brought direct from London to Dublin since the war began. She will take the part of Sadie Thompson in Somerset Maugham's "Rain," which will be produced by Stanley Illsley at the Olympia Theatre on Monday next. Miss Ordeyne is of Anglo-Austrian parentage, and has played in Berlin, Breslau, Frankfurt and other European cities. She studied under the late Max Reinhardt. She has appeared in the West End of London in recent years, as well as broadcasting news from the B.B.C. to Germany and Italy.

The part of the clergyman, Davidson, in "Rain" will be played by Stanley Illsley, while Leo McCabe will play Sergeant O'Hara.

DEATH OF FAMOUS COMPOSER

Pietro Mascagni, composer of the opera "Cavalleria Rusticana," died yesterday in Rome. He was 83.

Mascagni spent his early life with an operatic company travelling through Italy, living in obscurity and privation. Hailed as the predestined successor to Verdi on the production of "Cavalleria Rusticana," he never repeated the success, although he wrote many others.

Profits and royalties from the opera and the famous Intermezzo made him a rich man, and he was said to have received £2,450 for a week's performances in London.

AMERICAN GIFT TO IRISH FREEMASONRY

As a sign of their recognition of the kindness shown to American soldiers in Ireland, and particularly in Belfast, the Freemasons of the United States have presented the Grand Lodge of Ireland with $10,000 (about £2,250).

In a letter to Major William Baird, of Belfast, Mr. J. H. Cowles, one of America's most distinguished Masons, states that "there have been a lot of our soldiers in Ireland, especially in Belfast; and, from what I gather, the Masons there have been very good to our boys in service, and I thought we would like to help along."

This letter followed the donation, and it also stated that "Next week our Supreme Council will send to the Supreme Council of Ireland $5,000 (about £1,250). These are just donations from our Supreme Council, as we have not been bombed or damaged in any way, and membership has increased."

A donation of $10,000 was made by the Order in America to the Grand Lodge of Ireland some years ago.

The latest donation will be invested, and the proceeds used for the usual charitable work of the Masonic Order, including the relief of distressed Masons, widows and orphans.

DOCUMENTARY FILMS SHOWN IN DUBLIN

A selection of short documentary films was shown last night by the Irish Film Society in the Peacock Theatre, Dublin.

The most interesting was a two-reel commentary on juvenile delinquency in Scotland, made by Paul Roka Production for the Scottish Educational Council.

Other features were "Crofters," previously shown to audiences at the recent film symposium in the Mansion House, Dublin; and a well-photographed account of the work done for munition workers by the British Council for the Encouragement of Music and the Arts.

ARMY SHOOTING COMPETITIONS

Teams from every infantry battalion, artillery regiment and cavalry squadron are expected to compete in the Defence Forces annual shooting competitions at the Curragh next week.

Marksmen who took part in last year's events are not eligible to compete this time.

MR. ATTLEE GOES TO "NO. 10"

After a busy day of Cabinet-making, the new British Premier, Mr. Attlee, last night decided to spend the night at No. 10 Downing street for the first time since he became Prime Minister.

RECTOR APPOINTED

The Rev. F. M. K. Johnston has been appointed to the incumbency of St. Michael's, Blackrock, Co. Cork, rendered vacant by the elevation of the Ven. Hedley Webster to the Bishopric of Killaloe.

WEATHER FORECAST

*Ireland — Light or moderate north-west to west winds; mainly fair and

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices in this Column (which must be authenticated) are charged for at 11- per line (minimum 3/-).

ROLL OF HONOUR

O'CALLAGHAN—John Gerald O'Callaghan, Flying Officer Navigator, R.A.F.V.R., missing, presumed drowned over Mediterranean, August 2, 1942, dearly-loved son of Michael A. O'Callaghan and the late Dillie O'Callaghan, Ormond street, Nenagh. Sadly missed by father, brothers and sisters.

BIRTHS

COSBY—August 1, 1945, to Enid (*née* Hamilton), wife of Major E. A. S. Cosby, of Stradbally Hall, Leix, a son.

HOGAN—July 22, 1945, at the Coombe Hospital, to Aine, wife of Professor J. J. Hogan, Knocknaree, Greystones, a daughter (survived birth a short time only).

HURLEY—July 27, 1945, at St. Brendans, to Una, wife of Francis Hurley, Malahide, Co. Dublin, a son (Brian Francis).

SHEIL—July 27, 1945, at Prague House Nursing Home, to Hazel (*née* Sholdice), wife of William F. Sheil, 20 Bushy Park road, Rathgar, a daughter.

MARRIAGE

McVEY and KAVANAGH—July 5, 1945, at St. Joseph's, Berkeley road, Dublin (with Nuptial Mass and Papal Blessing), by Very Rev. Father Austin, C.P., assisted by Very Rev. J. Canon Kelly, P.P.; Hugo, youngest son of James McVey, J.P., and the late Mrs. McVey, Tir-Owen, Broomhall Circus, Glasgow, to Finola, elder daughter of Sean and Mrs. Kavanagh, Governor's House, Mountjoy Prison, Dublin.

SILVER WEDDING

KINSELLA and SMITH—August 3, 1920, at Chapel-of-Ease, Golden Bridge, by Rev. Fr. Geraghty, C.C., assisted by Rev. J. Deery, C.C.; John Joseph, eldest son of late Mr. and Mrs. A. Kinsella, Post Office, Upper Lesson street, Dublin, to Elizabeth Amy, youngest daughter of Richard Holmes Smith and late Mrs. M. Smith, Inchicore, Dublin. Deo Gratias.

DEATHS

ATKINSON—August 1, 1945, at her residence, Marlfield, Kinmage road, East, Mary, beloved wife of John Henry Atkinson. Deeply mourned. Funeral to-day (Friday), August 3rd, 10 a.m., to Dean's Grange. House private, please.

BUTTERS—August 2, 1945, at her residence, Balmoral, Greystones, Alice, wife of Alexander Butters. Deeply regretted by her loving husband and daughter. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), at 3.0 p.m., to Delgany Churchyard. "Just as I am, without one plea."

DOWLING—August 1, 1945, at his residence, Parknashopue House, Killena, Gorey, John W. Dowling. Funeral to, Clonevan to-day (Friday), 3.30 p.m. (S.T.).

FAYLE—July 31, 1945, at a Dublin home, Gerald Seymour, Solicitor, fourth son of the late Benjamin William Fayle, of Moorpark, Birr. Funeral from Moorpark to Clonoghill Cemetery to-day (Friday), 1.30 p.m.

FINNEGAN (Dublin)—August 1, 1945, at a private nursing home, Maud E. Finnegan, daughter of the late Thomas and Rosanna Finnegan, Ballingah and Gortnakesh, Cavan. Funeral (private) to-day (Friday).

KEARNS—August 1, 1945 (suddenly), at his residence, Grianan, Margaret road, Malahide, Commandant Joseph J. Kearns, dearly-loved husband of Margaret (Ciss) Kearns. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family, and a large circle of friends. R.I.P. Remains were removed this evening to St. Sylvester's Church, Malahide. Funeral to-day (Friday), after 10 o'clock Mass, to New Cemetery, Malahide.

MONAGHAN—August 2, 1945, at Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital, Margaret (Rita) Monaghan, late of 1 Greenfield road, Mount Merrion. R.I.P. Remains will arrive at St. Andrew's Church, Westland row, at 6.30 p.m. to-day (Friday). Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), after 10 o'clock Mass, to Glasnevin. Funeral and house private.

O'DONNELL—August 1, 1945, at St. Michael's Hospital, Dun Laoghaire, Mairtin Gréc Morgan), beloved wife of Frank Hugh O'Donnell, Glenahee, Foxrock, County Dublin. R.I.P. Funeral to Dean's Grange to-day (Friday), after 10 o'clock Mass at the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Succour, Foxrock.

O'NEILL—August 2, 1945, at his residence, Ballinaboola, Gowran, Co. Kilkenny, Patrick O'Neill. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Remains will be removed this (Friday) evening to Tullaherin at 6 o'clock (O.T.). Office and High Mass at 10.30 o'clock (O.T.) to-morrow (Saturday). Burial immediately afterwards.

ROSS—August 1, 1945, at a private nursing home, John Francis Ross, Newport, Dalkey, husband of the late Mary Ross, Newport, Rathowen. Deeply regretted by his sons and daughters. R.I.P. Funeral to-day (Friday), leaving Church of the Assumption, Donnybrook, at 12 noon (S.T.), by road, via Ballinalack Rathaspic, arriving Legan at 3 o'clock (S.T.).

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this column will be found in Page 3.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

COURTNEY—The wife and family of the late Humphrey Patrick Courtney, 45 Cabra road, Dublin, and Arosa, Dun Laoghaire, wish to return sincere thanks to all those who sympathised with them in their recent bereavement, to those who sent Mass cards, telegrams and letters of sympathy, and to those who called personally or attended the funeral.

IN MEMORIAM

WALKER—First Anniversary — Merciful Jesus, grant eternal rest to the soul of William J. Walker, Manager, Ulster Bank, Ltd., Ballina, who died (suddenly) 3rd August, 1944. "Thy will be done." Novena of Masses offered. Always remembered and deeply regretted by his loving wife and daughter.

Phone 62607 **NICHOLS** Estd. 1814.
COMPLETE FUNERAL FURNISHERS.
Coffins, Horse and Motor Funerals, etc
PRIVATE MORTUARY,
LOMBARD ST. (WESTLAND ROW).

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104 RANELAGH. Phone 92093.

Great care is taken that advertisements published in this paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any error in, or omission of, any advertisement. The proprietors reserve the right to omit or alter any advertisement as matter where of by whom accepted.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, 31/7/45, Monocle, between Bailey and Batten Hill, Howth; finder rewarded. Beamish, Malahide.

LOST, Aug. 1st, between Gaiety Theatre and Kildare st., Gold R.A.M.C. Badge; sentimental value; reward. Box P 1923.

STRAYED from Liffey Bank, Islandbridge, on 1st Aug., Golden Retriever Dog, aged 18 months. Police notified. Reward. Box P 1920.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

NOTICE. — Unless otherwise stated, all vacancies advertised hereunder are for employment in Ireland (exclusive of the Six Counties of Northern Ireland).

WARDEN AND MATRON

FOR PRESBYTERIAN WAR MEMORIAL HOSTEL, BELFAST.

Applications are invited for the Post of Warden (Presbyterian) of Residential portion (above Residents).

Replies to Rev. Dr. Moody, 11 Strangford avenue, Belfast, stating age, qualifications, experience in Youth Welfare, married or single.

Salary according to qualifications.

Duties to begin 1st November, 1945.

Applications are also invited for Lady (Presbyterian) to undertake duties of Matron.

Applicants should be competent to supervise housekeeping arrangements and staff.

Apply, as above, stating age and experience.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL, BELFAST.

RESIDENT SURGICAL OFFICER

WANTED FOR 15th AUGUST.

Salary, £250/£300 per annum, according to experience.

Applications, with copies of three testimonials, to be sent to the Secretary.

(By Order),

J. S. ROGERS, Hon. Sec.

ASSISTANT Wtd. for Painting Contractor's Office; must have knowledge of works accounts and time sheets; state previous exper. Box Q 311.

ASSISTANT, Tobacconist, Dun Laoghaire; salary £2 10s. 0d. per week; must be trained, and must live in Dun Laoghaire. Apply Box Z 4655, stating age.

ASSISTANT Estate Joiner Wtd. for Rossmore Park, Monaghan; must be single and fully qualified. Box Z 4641, Joiner.

BOY Apprentice or Improver to General Ironmongery, Bicycles, etc.; Protestant preferred. Box Z 4579, Apprentice.

DRESS Designing, Pattern Cutting, Tailoring, etc. Trade requirements. Day and Evening Classes. Free booklet. Write to the Grafton Academy of Dressmaking, 6 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED, well educated Shorthand Typist Reqd. immediately for city office; £80.00 per week per minute essential. Apply, enclosing copies refs., stating wage desired. Box Q 233.

EXPERIENCED Gardener, married, Wtd. to live in; wife as good Ck.; good wages to suitable applicants. Box 2323, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork.

EXPERIENCED Cook-General, or Working Housekeeper, wtd. for small family resident in Warrenpoint, Co. Down; labour-saving house; good wages and liberal outings to reliable person; state age. Box Z 4596, Cook-General.

EXPERIENCED Typist, good at figures, knowledge of shorthand; state age, salary; enclose copies refs. Box Q 252.

HOSIERY, Haberdashery Dept. Wtd., Lady Assistant; must be of neat appearance, salary £2 10s. (Cheese); state exper., religion, salary required, copies refs. Box Z 4581, Lady.

INTELLIGENT, well educated Boy Reqd. as Improver and Junior in leading Dublin Solicitor's office; good prospects for keen and honest boy, who could be left to himself between 17/- and 18 years, should apply in own handwriting, with full particulars. Box P 1868.

INSURANCE Clerk (male), with 2 or 3 years' experience Reqd. for Dublin Insurance Company; also Young Girl, aged 17 to 18 years, for Audit in accounts dept. Box P 1877.

LADY Shorthand-Typist-Bookkeeper (Protestant) Reqd. for City Office. Apply, stating age and salary expected, to Box Z 4652.

LANE Gill Conservation Wtd., Protestant; must be used to all particulars. Leven street, Kilmainham. Apply at Premises.

LAUNDRY Manageress Required for Dublin Laundry; must be thoroughly experienced in all branches of the trade. Apply, stating age, experience and salary required, to Box Z 4597, Manageress.

LAUNDRY Supervisor Wtd. for Hardware, China, Glass, etc., of limited requisites; salary £100 per annum. Box Z 4582, Supervisor.

LAUNDRY Supervisor Wtd. for Hotel Work; must be experienced; state salary required. Box Z 4587